

# YS1500 Indicating Controller YS1700 Programmable **Indicating Controller** Functional **Operation** Guide



IM 01B08B02-01EN



IM 01B08B02-01EN 4th Edition

# **Product Registration**

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http://www.yokogawa.com/ns/reg/

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Code: /A32)

Appendix ASCII Code Table

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YS1500 Indicating Controller/YS1700 Programmable Indicating		YSS1000 Setting Software for YS1000 Series/		
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Chapter 4	Display and Security Functions	Chapter 4	Operation of Computation and Control Programs	
Chapter 5	Adjusting of Direct Inputs (Temperature/Resistance/	Chapter 5	Basic Usage of Control Modules	
	Frequency)	Chapter 6	Applied Usage of Control Modules	
Chapter 6	Processing during Power Failures	Chapter 7	Operations and Application of Computing Module	
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YS1000 Series	Communication Interface	YS1000 Series	s Replacement Manual	
User's Manual	(Electronic version)	(Electronic ver	sion)	
Chapter 1	Overview	Chapter 1	Overview	
Chapter 2	Setting Communication Functions	Chapter 2	Replacement with YS100-compatible Type	
Chapter 3	Description of RS-485 Communication (Optional Code:	Chapter 3	Replacement with YS80 Internal Unit-compatible	
	/A31)		Type and EBS, I, EK, or HOMAC-compatible Type	
Chapter 4	Description of Ethernet Communication (Modbus/	Chapter 4	Replacement with YS80-compatible Type	
	TCP) (Optional Code: /A34)	Chapter 5	Replacement with 100 Line-compatible Type	

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#### Foreword

Thank you for purchasing the YS1000 series single-loop controller (hereinafter referred to as "YS1000").

This manual describes the basic functions and operation methods of the YS1500/YS1700. Please read though this user's manual carefully before using the product.

Note that the manuals for the YS1500/YS1700 comprise the following five documents:

#### Printed manual

Manual Name	Manual Number
YS1500/YS1700 Operation Guide	IM 01B08B02-01EN

This manual describes the basic operation methods.

Precautions on the Use of the YS1000 Series IM 01B08B02-91EN This manual is always delivered even if 'without manuals' was selected.

#### Electronic manuals

Manual Name	Manual Number
YS1500/YS1700 Operation Guide	IM 01B08B02-01EN
This is identical to the printed manual.	
YS1500/YS1700 User's Manual	IM 01B08B02-02EN
This manual describes the detailed functions does not contain the user programs and com	and setting items. It munication functions.
YS1000 Series Communication Interface User's Manual	IM 01B08J02-01EN
This manual describes how to use YS1000 in DCS-LCS communications.	n Ethernet, serial, and
YSS1000 Setting Software/YS1700 Programmable Function User's Manual	IM 01B08K02-02EN
This manual describes how to use YSS1000 programmable function.	and YS1700's
YS1000 Series Replacement Manual	IM 01B08H02-01EN

This manual describes the compatibility of installation and wiring with YS100, YS80, EBS, I, EK, HOMAC, and 100 line.

Precautions on the Use of the YS1000 Series IM 01B08B02-91EN This manual is always delivered even if 'without manuals' was selected.

User's manuals for YS1000 are available on the following web site: www.yokogawa.com/ns/ys/im/

You need Adobe Reader 7.0 or later (but the latest version is recommended) installed on the computer in order to open and read the manuals.

The printed versions of the electronic manuals are available for purchase. Contact your nearest YOKOGAWA dealer for details.

#### General Specifications

General Specification Name	GS Number
YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller	GS 01B08B02-01EN
YS1500 Indicating Controller	GS 01B08C02-01EN

 The last two characters of the manual number and general specification number indicate the language in which the manual is written.

#### Notice

- The contents of this manual are subject to change without notice as a result of continuing improvements to the instrument's performance and functions.
- Every effort has been made to ensure accuracy in the preparation of this manual. Should any errors or omissions come to your attention, however, please inform YOKOGAWA Electric's sales office or sales representative.
- Under no circumstances may the contents of this manual, in part or in whole, be transcribed or copied without our permission.
   4th Edition : Mar. 2018 YK

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IM 01B08B02-01EN

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#### Authorised Representative in the EEA

Yokogawa Europe BV. (Address: Euroweg 2, 3825 HD Amersfoort, The Netherlands) is the Authorised Representative of Yokogawa Electric Corporation for this Product in the EEA.

#### Revisions

1st Edition: June 2014 2nd Edition: May 2015 3rd Edition: Mar. 2016 4th Edition: Mar. 2018

#### **Safety Precautions**

The following contents are for the suffix codes "- $\Box 0 \Box$ ", "- $\Box 1 \Box$ " and "- $\Box 2 \Box$ "

This instrument is a product of Installation Category II of IEC/ EN61010-1, IEC/EN61010-2-201 and IEC/EN61010-2-030 Safety Standards and Class A (use in commercial and industrial areas) of EN61326-1, EN55011 (EMC Standards) (use a ferrite core and an arrester to comply with the standards).



# CAUTION

This instrument is a class A product (use in commercial and industrial areas). In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user needs to take adequate measures.

This instrument is designed to be used within the scope of Measurement Category O (other) and is dedicated for indoor use.

\* Measurement Category O (other)

This category applies to electric equipment that measures a circuit connected to a low-voltage facility and receives power from stationary equipment such as electric switchboards.

To use the instrument properly and safely, observe the safety precautions described in this user's manual when operating it. Use of the instrument in a manner not prescribed herein may compromise protection features inherent in the device. We assume no liability for or warranty on a fault caused by users' failure to observe these instructions.

This instrument is an FM Non-incendive or CSA Non-incendive Standard certified product.

FM nonincendive:	Class 3600:2011
	Class 3611:2004
	Class 3810:2005
Locations:	Class I, Division 2, Groups A,B,C and D
	Class I, Zone 2, Groups II C
Temperature C	ode: T4
CSA nonincendive	: C22. 2 No. 213-M1987
	CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 0-10
	CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 0.4-04
Locations:	Class I, Division 2, Groups A,B,C and D
Temperature C	ode: T4

#### Notes on the User's Manual

- This user's manual should be readily accessible to the end users so it can be referred to easily. It should be kept in a safe place.
- Read the information contained in this manual thoroughly before operating the product.
- The purpose of this user's manual is not to warrant that the product is well suited to any particular purpose, but rather to describe the functional details of the product.

## Safety, Protection, and Modification of the Product

The following symbols are used in the product and user's manuals to indicate safety precautions:

"Handle with Care" (This symbol is attached to the part(s) of the product to indicate that the user's manual should be referred to in order to protect the operator and the instrument from harm.)

#### Protective grounding terminal

Functional grounding terminal (Do not use this terminal as a protective grounding terminal.)

#### ✓ Alternating current

#### --- Direct current

- In order to protect the system controlled by this product and the product itself, and to ensure safe operation, observe the safety precautions described in this user's manual. Use of the instrument in a manner not prescribed herein may compromise the product's functions and the protection features inherent in the device.
   We assume no liability for safety, or responsibility for the product's quality, performance or functionality should users fail to observe these instructions when operating the product.
- Installation of protection and/or safety circuits with respect to a lightning protector; protective equipment for the system controlled by the product and the product itself; foolproof or failsafe design of a process or line using the system controlled by the product or the product itself; and/or the design and installation of other protective and safety circuits are to be appropriately implemented as the customer deems necessary.
- Be sure to use the spare parts approved by YOKOGAWA when replacing parts or consumables.
- This product is not designed or manufactured to be used in critical applications that directly affect or threaten human lives. Such applications include nuclear power equipment, devices using radioactivity, railway facilities, aviation equipment, air navigation facilities, aviation facilities, and medical equipment. If so used, it is the user's responsibility to include in the system additional equipment and devices that ensure personnel safety.
- Modification of the product is strictly prohibited.

# WARNING

Power Supply

Ensure that the instrument's supply voltage matches the voltage of the power supply before turning ON the power.

# Protective Grounding

To prevent electric shock, always confirm that protective grounding is connected before turning ON the instrument's power supply.

Necessity of Protective Grounding

Do not cut off the internal or external protective grounding wire or disconnect the wiring of the protective grounding terminal. Doing so renders the protective functions of the instrument invalid and poses a potential shock hazard.

#### Defects in Protective Functions

If protective functions such as grounding are suspected to be defective, do not operate the instrument. Ensure that all protective functions are in working order before operating the instrument.

### Do Not Use in an Explosive Atmosphere

Do not operate the instrument in locations with combustible or explosive gases or steam. Operation in such environments constitutes an extreme safety hazard. Use of the instrument in environments with high concentrations of corrosive gas (H<sub>2</sub>S, SOx, etc.) for extended periods of time may cause a failure.

#### • Do Not Remove Internal Unit

The internal unit should not be removed by anyone other than YOKOGAWA's service personnel. There are dangerous high voltage parts inside.

#### External Connection

Ensure that protective grounding is connected before connecting the instrument to the device under measurement or to an external control circuit. **Damage to the Protective Construction** 

Operation of the instrument in a manner not specified in this user's manual may damage its protective construction.

#### Warning and Disclaimer

- YOKOGAWA makes no warranties regarding the product except those stated in the WARRANTY that is provided separately.
- The product is provided on an "as is" basis. YOKOGAWA assumes no liability to any person or entity for any loss or damage, direct or indirect, arising from the use of the product or from any unpredictable defect of the product.

#### Notes on Software

- YOKOGAWA makes no warranties, either expressed or implied, with respect to the software's merchantability or suitability for any particular purpose, except as specified in the terms of the separately provided warranty.
- · This software may be used on one specific machine only.
- To use the software on another machine, the software must be purchased again separately.
- It is strictly prohibited to reproduce the product except for backup purposes.
- Store the software CD-ROM (the original medium) in a safe place.
  All reverse-engineering operations, such as reverse compilation
- or the reverse assembly of the product are strictly prohibited.
  No part of the product's software may be transferred, converted.
- or sublet for use by any third party, without prior written consent from YOKOGAWA.

#### Handling Precautions for the Main Unit

- The instrument comprises many plastic components. To clean it, wipe it with a soft, dry cloth. Do not use organic solvents such as benzene or thinner for cleaning, as discoloration or deformation may result.
- Keep electrically charged objects away from the signal terminals. Not doing so may cause the instrument to fail.
- Do not apply volatile chemicals to the display area, operation keys, etc. Do not leave the instrument in contact with rubber or PVC products for extended periods. Doing so may result in failure.
- If the equipment emits smoke or abnormal smells or makes unusual noises, turn OFF the instrument's power switch immediately and unplug the device. In such an event, contact your sales representative.

#### Regarding the LCD

A small number of missing or steady-on LCD pixels and minor variations in brightness uniformity is a normal display characteristic and not a malfunction.

# **Protection of Environment**

# Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE), Directive

Applicable models: YS1700-10x, -11x, -12x, -20x, -21x, -22x YS1500-10x, -12x, -20x, -22x However, except the option /A08.

This is an explanation of how to dispose of this product based on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE), Directive. This directive is only valid in the EU. • Marking



This product complies with the WEEE Directive marking requirement. This marking indicates that you must not discard this electrical/electronic product in domestic household waste.

Product Category

With reference to the equipment types in the WEEE directive, this product is classified as a "Small equipment" product.

Do not dispose in domestic household waste. When disposing products in the EU, contact your local Yokogawa Europe B.V. office.

#### Checking the Contents of the Package

Unpack the box and check the contents before using the product. If the product is different from that which you have ordered, if any parts or accessories are missing, or if the product appears to be damaged, contact your sales representative.

#### YS1500/YS1700 Main Unit

The YS1000 series main units have nameplates affixed to the tops of the terminals.

Check the model and suffix codes inscribed on the nameplate to confirm that the product received is that which was ordered.



#### 0001E.ai

No. (Instrument number) When contacting your sales representative, inform them of this number too.

#### Model and Suffix Codes

Model	Si C	uffi ode	x Ə	Optional Code	Remarks		
YS1700					Programmable indicating controller		
YS1500					Indicating controller		
1100	-1				With hard manual unit		
Use	-2				Without hard manual unit		
		0			Basic type		
	ĺ	1			Basic type with expandable I/O (*1)		
		2			Compatible type for YS100 (with YS100 case)		
Туре		3			Compatible type for YS80 internal unit/ compatible type for EBS, I, EK, and HOMAC (*2)		
		4			Compatible type for YS80 (compatible size for YS80 with YS100 terminal)		
		5			Compatible type for pneumatic 100 line (with YS100 terminal) (*3)		
Deverer	malu		0		100 V AC, 24 V DC common power		
Fowersu	ippiy		1		220 V AC power		
				/A01	mV input		
				/A02	Thermocouple input		
			/A03 /A04		RTD input		
					Potentiometer input		
Direct int	out (*	4)		/A05	Isolator		
		.,		/A06	Two-wire transmitter input (isolated)		
	/A07			/A07	Two-wire transmitter input (non-isolated)		
	/A08		/A08	Frequency input (*11)			
	/DF		/DF	Direct input with Fahrenheit temperature range function (*5)			
			/A31		RS-485 communication (PC-link, Modbus, YS protocol, and Peer-to- Peer) (*6)		
Commun	Communication			/A32	DCS-LCS communication (*7)		
		/A34	Ethernet communication (Modbus/ TCP) (*8)				
Certification				/FM	FM nonincendive approved (FM Class I, Div 2) (*9)		
				/CSA	CSA safety and nonincendive approved (Class I, DIV 2) (*10)		

\*1 Only YS1700 is compatible. The expandable I/O terminal (model YS010) and expandable I/O cable (model YS011) (cable length: 3 m) are provided.

- \*2 This type can be connected to the YS80 housing (model SHUP). (The EK/HOMAC-compatible housing (SHUP-420) and EBS/I series-compatible housing (SHUP-100) are sold separately.)
- \*3 The 100 line-compatible housing (model YS006) is sold separately.
   \*4 Direct input options can be combined only with suffix codes "-□2□,"
- "-□4□," or "-□5□." Selection of multiple options is not possible.
  \*5 Optional code /DF can be combined only with optional code /A02 or /A03.
- \*6 A combination with suffix code "-□3□" is not possible. Optional codes /A31 and /A32 cannot be simultaneously specified. Please specify the communication options /A31 (RS-485 communication) to directly communicate with the CENTUM CS3000/VP.
- \*7 Optional codes /A31 and /A32 cannot be simultaneously specified. Please specify the communication options /A32 (DCS-LCS communication) to communicate with the CENTUM CS3000/ VP through the SCIU.
- \*8 Optional code /A34 can be specified only for suffix codes "-□0□" or "-□1□."
- \*9 Optional code /FM can be combined only with suffix codes "-□0□" or "-□1□."
- \*10 This option can be combined only with suffix codes "-□0□," "-□1□," "-□2□." However, certification is planned for the combination of suffix code -□2□ and optional code /CSA.
- \*11 When option code /A08 is specified, the conformity to CE marking is excluded

For the installation and wiring of YS1500/YS1700-□2□, -□3□, -□4□, or -□5□, see the YS1000 Series Replacement Manual.

# Customized Product

- /S#, /Z: Customized product; details in FX1-XJYS1700.xxx\*
- \* Contact your supplier in case your instrument has option /S# (where '#' is a number), and you are not in the possession of FX1-XJYS1700.xxx. (where "xxx" is a unique document number and option /S# or /Z is identified by the cover page of that document.)

#### Accessories

The product is provided with the following accessories according to the model and suffix codes (see the table below). Check that none of them are missing or damaged.



No.	Item Name	Part Number/ Model	Q'ty	Remarks	
	Metal clamps	L4041RA	2	For YS1⊡00-⊡0⊡, or YS1⊡00-⊡1⊡	
		E9760RJ	2		
1		E9760RN	2		
		E9760RJ	1		
		E9760RP	1		
2	Tag plate seals	1 4041114	4	50 × 3.5 mm	
3	Range entry seals	1 L404 I UA	4	34 × 2 mm	
4	Expandable I/O terminal	YS010	1	Supplied with YS1700- □1□.	
5	Expandable I/O cable	YS011-03	1	Cable length: 3 m Supplied with YS1700-□1□.	
6	RJC sensor	L3501RA	1	Supplied with products with optional code /A02. (*1)	
7	Ferrite core	A1179MN	1	For direct input cable (Supplied with products with optional code /A0□.)	
8	YS1500/YS1700 Operation Guide	_	1	This user's manual, A4 size	

\*1: For the RJC mounting, see the chapter "Installation and Wiring" in this manual or the YS1000 Series Replacement Manual.

#### Accessories (sold separately)

The following lists accessories that are sold separately. When ordered, check that none of them are missing or damaged. To inquire about the accessories or about how to place an order, contact your sales representative.

No.	Item Name	Model	Sales Unit	Remarks
1	120 Ω terminating resistor (*1)	YS020	1	For RS-485 communication
2	250 $\Omega$ shunt resistor	YS021	1	For a built-in 24 V transmitter power supply

\*1 The instrument has a built-in terminating resistor, which can be selected for use by setting the relevant parameter. If a terminating resistor is used in another device at the termination of the same communication system, an external terminating resistor needs to be provided to match the terminating resistance of the YS1000's built-in terminating resistor.

# Symbols Used in This Manual



This symbol is used on the instrument. It indicates the possibility of injury to the user or damage to the instrument, and signifies that the user must refer to the user's manual for special instructions. The same symbol is used in the user's manual on pages that the user needs to refer to, together with the term "WARNING" or "CAUTION."

# WARNING

Calls attention to actions or conditions that could cause serious or fatal injury to the user, and indicates precautions that should be taken to prevent such occurrences.

# CAUTION

Calls attention to actions or conditions that could cause injury to the user or damage to the instrument or property and indicates precautions that should be taken to prevent such occurrences.

Note

Identifies important information required to operate the instrument.

Indicates related operations or explanations for the user's reference.

Indicates a character string displayed on the display.

#### Setting Display

Indicates a setting display and describes the keystrokes required to display the relevant setting display.

Perform the operations in chronological order. This section describes the procedure under the assumption that these steps are being taken for the first time. There are cases where not all of the steps are required, depending on the required operation.

## Setting Details

Provides the descriptions of settings.

# Description

Describes restrictions, etc. regarding a relevant operation.

#### About an Electronic Manual

User's manuals for YS1000 are available on the following web site: www.yokogawa.com/ns/ys/im/

You need Adobe Reader 7.0 or later (but the latest version is recommended) installed on the computer in order to open and read the manuals.

# **Introduction to Functions**

The YS1000 series is a series of single-loop controllers to meet the demands of users' consistently advancing and diversifying needs. It is capable of the flexible control computation required for process control.

## Features

Color LCD display

The monitoring and operation display is provided in color, and input and output values, various constants, and incorporated control functions can be set freely using key switches on the front panel. The monitoring displays include LOOP Display, TREND Display, ALARM Display, and METER Display which provides information in much the same way as analog meters.

Failsafe function

Two CPUs are configured to provide manual operations and displays even if one of the CPUs becomes faulty. Moreover, because the instrument incorporates a hard manual circuit independent of the digital circuit, it can continue to generate manipulated output variables even if the digital circuit that includes the CPUs fails.

- AC/DC-common power supply with wide operating voltage range.
   The instrument can be powered by either AC (100 V AC) or DC (24 V DC).
- The front panel is dust- and water-proof (conforming to IP54).
- Abundant communication functions
   The instrument can incorporate Ethernet (Modbus/TCP) communication, serial communication (Modbus, PC-link, and YS
   protocol), and DCS-LCS communication.
- Control functions and abundant computation functions
   The instrument is capable of single-loop, cascade, selector, and programmable control functions.
   It can also perform computations such as the four arithmetic operations, logic computation, exponent, logarithm, temperature compensation, pressure correction, etc. and peer-to-peer communication. (Optional YSS1000 Setting Software is required.)
- Number of I/O points
  Use of YS1700's expandable I/O terminal allows the use of a maximum of eight analog inputs, a maximum of four analog
  outputs, and a maximum of 14 DIOs.

#### **Definition of Terms**

- PV: Process variable input from process
- SV: Setpoint regarded as a control target
- MV: Manipulated variable for operating control elements such as valves.
- PID control: Control system based on action which combined three elements: proportional (P) action, integral (I) action, and derivative (D) action.
- M mode: Mode in which manipulated output variables are operated manually.
- A mode: Mode in which MV is automatically controlled based on YS1000's setpoint
- C mode: Mode in which MV is controlled based on an external setpoint
- Multi-function mode: Modes of the three preinstalled functions (single-loop mode, cascade mode, and selector mode)
- Programmable mode: Mode in which input/output or control computation is programmed
- User program: A program created using the YSS1000 Setting Software (available as an option)

# **Part Names**

# **Front Panel Part Names**



- (1) Color LCD display: 120 × 320 dots
- (2) FAIL lamp (LED: red)
- (3) ALM lamp (LED: yellow)
- (4) C mode key, A mode key, M mode key, and LED indicators (C: green, A: green, M: yellow)
- (5) SV increase key
- (6) SV decrease key
- (7) PF key and LED indicator
- (8) Page key
- (9) MV increase key
- (10)MV decrease key
- (11)Fast-change key/SHIFT key
- (12) TAG label (recommended position to attach label)
- For the functions of each part: see "Monitoring and Control of Regular Operations (Operation Display)" in this manual.

# Swinging the Front Panel Up and Down

# Swinging up the front panel

- 1. Press upwards in the center of the bottom of the front panel. You can draw the front panel toward you until you feel a slight resistance and the movement of the front panel will stop.
- (You can swing up the front panel more smoothly if hold the top and bottom of the front panel.) *2.* Swing the front panel up and out from that position.



#### Swinging down the front panel

Push down on the center of the top of the front panel. When you feel a slight sense of resistance, stop pushing. Slide it forward from that position. It will click into place, indicating that it is locked.



# Part Names of the Internal Panel Seen with the Front Panel Swung up



(1) Connector for connection to a PC (PROGRAMMER)

- This is a communication cable connector for downloading, uploading, or monitoring parameters or user programs set using the YSS1000 Setting Software.
- YSS1000: YSS1000 Setting Software/YS1700 Programmable Function User's Manual
- (2) Metal lever
- Touch the metal lever to discharge static electricity. Before you connect the cable to the YS110 connector, touch the metal lever.
- (3) Connector for YS110 standby manual station (MANUAL STA)
- (4) Internal unit release lever
- (5) Hard manual operation wheel (HARD MANUAL) An operation wheel to manipulate an output
- (6) MV balance lamp (BAL) (Color: green)
- Lights up when a manipulated output variable and the hard manual unit's output value agree with each other. (7) Hard manual selector switch (ON/OFF)
- The switch used to switch to a manipulated variable (MV) set using the hard manual operation wheel.
- (8) An internal unit fixing screw
- (9) LED and switch for repair
- Contact us for repair.
- Regarding items (2), (3), (5), (6), and (7) above: see "Backup Operation in the Event of Instrument Failure" in this manual.

#### Note .

For products with suffix code -2xx, there are no hard manual unit-related parts ((5), (6), and (7)).



# WARNING

Do not remove the internal unit from the instrument case. Contact YOKOGAWA's sales office or sales representative when removing the internal unit, as safety standard inspection is required.



WARNING

Explosion hazard. Do not remove or insert the internal unit in explosive atmospheres.

# CAUTION

Products with optional code /FM or /CSA cannot satisfy the explosion protection standards if the internal unit is removed.

# YS1500/YS1700 Operating Procedure



When using the instrument for the first time, proceed according to the following sequence:

Figure 3.1

# **Basic Operation**

# **Overview of Display Switching and Operation Keys**

The YS1000 has the following three display groups:

# (1) Operation Display Group

This group has a LOOP Display which allows operation mode switching during control operation, SV setting, and MV operation; a TREND Display which displays the trends of PV, SV, and MV; an ALARM Display which displays detailed alarm information; a LOOP Display which displays two loops simultaneously (operation is on a loop basis); and a METER Display which displays PV, SV, and MV on a meter scale using a pointer.

# (2) Tuning Display Group

This group has a display for setting and displaying control parameters such as PID, and a display for monitoring input/output signals.

# (3) Engineering Display Group

This group has a display for setting up functions as a controller, a display for setting and displaying various registers and various tables, a display for setting input specifications and a password setting display.

# Selecting a Display

The flow of display selecting operations is as follows:



Figure 4.1

- 1. When the instrument's power is turned ON, the Operation Display appears.
- 2. Each time the Page key (a) is pressed with the SHIFT key ((see )) held down, the display is switched. The display changes in the order of Operation Display, Tuning Menu Display, and Engineering Menu Display, after which the Operation Display reappears.

# Note .

Operation of the SHIFT key + Page key (a two key keystroke) implies that you should press the Page key with the SHIFT key held down. Doing so in the opposite order does not switch the display.





Display Switching in Single-loop Mode (YS1500's factory setting)

Figure 4.3

0403E.ai



Figure 4.4



IM 01B08B02-01EN



Figure 4.5

Display Switching in the Programmable Mode (YS1700's factory setting)

IM 01B08B02-01EN

0405E.a

**Basic Operations** 

# Monitoring and Control of Regular Operations (Operation Display)

# Monitoring and Operating the Operation Display

Monitoring and Operating the LOOP Display



Figure 5.1

Table 5.1		
No. in Figure	Name	Description
(1)	Tag number	A tag number combining alphanumeric characters and symbols having a maximum of 12 digits is displayed on a loop basis.
(2)	Display title	The title of the display being shown is indicated.
(3)	PV digital display	A PV value is displayed in engineering units in a digital value of five significant digits (seven digits including a sign and decimal point).
(4)	PV bar	A PV value is displayed in a bar. The bar display is in 200 dots at full scale (100%) and increases/decreases on a dot (0.5%) basis.
(5)	PH, PL, HH, and LL pointers	PH values (high limit alarm setpoints for PV) and PL values (low limit alarm setpoints for PV) are indicated with triangular pointers, while HH values (high-high limit alarm setpoints for PV) and LL values (low-low limit alarm setpoints for PV) are indicated with pointers which are overlapped pairs of triangles. Pointers are clipped and displayed at 0% if PV values are below 0%, or displayed at 100% if they exceed 100%.
(6)	PV underflow and PV overflow	A PV underflow is displayed if a PV value is below 0%, while a PV overflow is displayed if it exceeds 100%.
(7)	SV digital display	An SV value is displayed in engineering units in a digital value of five significant digits (seven digits including a sign and decimal point).
(8)	SV pointer	SV values are indicated with triangular pointers. The pointer display moves up and down with a resolution of 0.5%. Pointers are clipped and displayed at 0% if SV values are below 0%, or displayed at 100% if they exceed 100%.
(9)	MV digital display	An MV value is displayed in a digital value of four significant digits (six digits including a sign and decimal point, with the number of decimal places fixed to one digit) in a % display.
(10)	MV bar MV scale	An MV value is displayed in a bar. The bar display is in 80 dots (100%) at full scale, divided into 20 blocks (5%) for display. It increases/decreases on a dot (1.25%) basis. A scale divided into 10 (10% segments) is also displayed.
(11)	MH and ML pointers	MH values (high limit setpoints of MV) and ML values (low limit setpoints of MV) are indicated with triangular pointers.
(12)	MV underflow and MV overflow	An MV underflow is displayed if an MV value is below 0%, while an MV overflow is displayed if it exceeds 100%.
(13)	MV valve direction	MV valve direction is displayed as [C] (closed) or [O] (open). The valve direction can be set.

Table 5.2							
No. in Figure	Name	Description					
(14)	Engineering units	Engineering u	Engineering units (UNIT) are displayed in a maximum of seven digits.				
(15)	PV bar scale	The PV bar s	cale is o	displayed divided into a maximum of 10 segments (	10% segments).		
(16)	0% value of scale, 100% value of scale	0% value of so a digital value	cale (SC of five s	CL) and 100% value of scale (SCH) are displayed in er ignificant digits (seven digits including a sign and deci	ngineering units in mal point).		
(17)	Alarm generation display, Control status display	Alarm and control statuses are displayed in abbreviations. These vary according to controller mode in the multi-function mode; or according to the control module in the programmable mode. See Tables 5.3 to 5.5.					
(18)	P-register display	When this dis Displays indiv	splay is vidually.	enabled, P register is displayed on the LOOP 1 and This display is available in the programmable mod	LOOP 2 e.		
		The controlle	r operat	tion status is displayed.			
		Displa	У	Description	Display Priority Order		
		[POWER DO	OWN]	Power down is being detected.	(1)		
		[H.MAN]		Hard manual selector switch has been activated.	(2)		
(19)	Operation status display	(No indicatio	n)	The instrument is operating.			
		[STOP]		Operation stopped (such as while setting a	(3)		
				function on the Engineering Display, etc.)			
		[TEST1]		Test run mode 1 (only in the programmable mode)	(3)		
		ITEST21	TEST21	Test run mode 2 (only in the programmable mode)			
				Simulation program is being executed			
	Cascade setting input	When the ins	trument	t is used in the cascade mode, a cascade setting in	out value is		
(20)	value	displayed in e	enginee	ring units in a digital value of five significant digits (s	even digits		
	Value	including a si	gn and	decimal point). No value is displayed in the program	nmable mode.		
		The F key f function mode 1) Multi-func	function e and th ction mo	is displayed. The P key function display is difference programmable mode.	ent in the multi-		
(21)		I he 🗂	key fund	ction is set using the PF key function selection para	meter [PFKEY].		
(21)	tey function display	when the STU mode selection is "not UFF" and the "" key has been set to STU the function display becomes ISTU in other access, nothing is displayed.					
		2) Program	mable r	node	ayeu.		
		The	key fund	ction can be defined in user programs.			
		The func	tion disp	play becomes [PF] in the programmable mode.			
		The key LOC	K statu	s is displayed.			
		Display		Description			
(22)		[ALLK]	©, (	), and Meys, SV increase and decrease (	🔊) keys, MV		
	Key LOCK status display		increas	se and decrease (🤍 🔊) keys, and 麗 key a	re disabled.		
(22)		[MDLK] E. A. and keys are disabled.					
		[SVLK]	[SVLK] SV increase and decrease ((a), (SV) keys are disabled.				
		[MVLK]	MV inc	rease and decrease (🤍, ⋗) keys are disable	ed.		

Table 5.3 Alarm Display and Control Status Display in the YS1500/YS1700 Multi-function Mode

Controller Mode Display Item	Single Loop	Cascade	Selector
Alarm generation display (Note 1)	SYS-ALM STC-ALM ALARM-1	SYS-ALM STC-ALM ALARM-1 ALARM-2	SYS-ALM STC-ALM ALARM-1 ALARM-2
Control status display (Note 2)	CAS SPC, DDC BUA, BUM	CAS SPC, DDC BUA, BUM	CAS SPC, DDC BUA, BUM
Control substatus display 1	EXT-MAN, EXT-AUT EXT-PMV, EXT-TRK	EXT-TRK, EXT-PMV	EXT-TRK, EXT-PMV
Control substatus display 2	SV TRK, PV TRK	OPEN, CLOSE	SV2-RMT, SV2-LCL SEL1, SEL2
Control substatus display 3	STC-ON, STC-DSP, ATSTUP	STC-ON, STC-DSP, ATSTUP	STC-ON, STC-DSP

Note 1: This display appears only if an alarm occurs. If multiple alarms occur simultaneously, they are indicated in multiple lines. Note 2: Only when the operation mode is in cascade setting automatic control (C mode) is a control status displayed, while nothing is indicated in automatic control (A mode) or manual control (M mode).

# Monitoring and Control of Regular Operations (Operation Display)

Control Module Display Item	Basic Control (BSC1)	Cascade Control (CSC)	Selector Control (SSC)	DUAL-loop Control (BSC1, BSC2)
Alarm generation display (Note 1)	SYS-ALM STC-ALM ALARM-1	SYS-ALM STC-ALM ALARM-1 ALARM-2	SYS-ALM STC-ALM ALARM-1 ALARM-2	SYS-ALM STC-ALM ALARM-1 ALARM-2
Control status display (Note 2)	CAS SPC, DDC BUA, BUM	CAS SPC, DDC BUA, BUM	CAS SPC, DDC BUA, BUM	CAS SPC, DDC BUA, BUM
Control substatus display 1	None	None	None	None
Control substatus display 2	None	OPEN, CLOSE	SV2-RMT SV2-LCL SEL1, SEL2 SEL-EXT	None
Control substatus display 3	STC-ON STC-DSP ATSTUP	STC-ON STC-DSP ATSTUP	STC-ON STC-DSP	STC-ON STC-DSP ATSTUP

Table 5.4 Alarm Display and Control Status Display in the VS1700 Programmable Mode

Note 1: This display appears only if an alarm occurs. If multiple alarms occur simultaneously, they are indicated in multiple lines. Note 2: Only when the operation mode is in cascade setting automatic control (C mode) is a control status displayed, while nothing is indicated in automatic control (A mode) or manual control (M mode).

0	Maaning	O maked	Manutan
Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning
SYS-ALM	A system alarm occurred.	SV TRK	SV being tracked
STC-ALM	An STC alarm occurred.	PV TRK	PV being tracked
ALARM-1	A loop 1 process alarm occurred.	OPEN	(Internal) cascade open
ALARM-2	A loop 2 process alarm occurred.	CLOSE	(Internal) cascade closed
CAS	Remote operation being conducted in response to external setpoint input	SV2-RMT	Loop 2's SV2 remote setting
SPC	Remote operation being conducted in response to SV from a high-level device	SV2-LCL	Loop 2's SV2 local setting
DDC	Remote operation being conducted in response to MV from a high-level device	SEL1	Loop 1 side's selection status
BUA	Transition to backup auto status	SEL2	Loop 2 side's selection status
BUM	Transition to backup manual status	SEL-EXT	External signal selection status
EXT-MAN	Transition to manual control in response to external digital input	STC-ON	STC control operation being conducted
EXT-AUT	Transition to automatic control in response to external digital input	STC-DSP	PID setting target value is indicated by STC.
EXT-PMV	Preset MV being output in response to external digital input	ATSTUP	STC auto startup being conducted
EXT-TRK	Output being tracked in response to external digital input		

► For causes of alarms that have occurred and actions to be taken: see "Troubleshooting" in this manual.

# **Operating the LOOP Display**

This section describes keystrokes for performing various settings and operations on the LOOP Display.

#### (1) Switching the operation mode

- M mode key: Switches the operation mode to manual control (M mode).
- A mode key: Switches the operation mode to automatic control (A mode).

C mode key: Switches the operation mode to cascade setting automatic control (C mode).

Moreover, the LED inside the operation mode key corresponding to the current operation mode lights up.

# Note

- If a cascade input signal is -6.3% or less or 106.3% or more, the operation mode cannot be switched to C mode.
- For switching the operation mode: see "Switching of Operation Modes" in this manual.

#### (2)SV setting operation

The SV setting key changes the setpoint (SV).

This key is enabled when the operation mode is in the A or M mode.

SV increase key: Increases an SV value.

SV decrease key: Decreases an SV value.

#### (3) MV operation

The MV operation key is used to manually operate a manipulated output variable (MV). This key is enabled when the operation mode is in the M mode.

MV increase key: Increases an MV value. MV decrease key: Decreases an MV value.

Moreover, pressing an MV operation key with the ((surv)) (fast-change key/SHIFT key) held down accelerates the MV-value increase/decrease speed.

# (4) PF key functions

The PF key functions are different in the multi-function mode and the programmable mode.

#### Multi-function mode:

The PF key function is set on the Function Setting Display 3 (CONFIG 3). There are the following two parameter designations: (1) No function: The PF key does not function.

- (2) STC ON/OFF: The PF key switches STC operation ON/OFF.
- If STC ON/OFF is specified, when STC is ON the LED inside the PF key lights up.

# Programmable mode:

The PF key function is defined by user programs then used. The LED in the PF key can be turned ON/OFF by the user programs.

For cascade control, selector control, or dual-loop control, the loop 1 can be operated on the LOOP 1 Display, while the loop 2 can be operated on the LOOP 2 Display.

# Monitoring and Control of Regular Operations (Operation Display)



# Monitoring and Operating the METER Display

Figure 5.2

-	Table 5.6	
No. in Figure	Name	Description
(1)	Tag number	As on the LOOP Display, a tag number appears here.
(2)	Display title	The title of the display being shown is indicated.
(3)	PV, SV, and MV digital display	PV, SV, and MV digital values are displayed here.
(4)	PV meter scale	The PV meter scale displays main and subscale marks, a numerical scale, a scale factor, and engineering units.
(5)	Main scale marks, subscale marks	The main scale marks and subscale marks are determined by setting the variables to the 0% value of scale (SCL) and to the 100% value of scale (SCH), which causes the scale to be automatically divided into divisions based on those values.
(6)	Scale factor	The scale range is clearly represented in the range of the number of numerical scale digits using the power of 10 (× $10^{n}$ ). It is possible to set the value of the power, however it can also be automatically determined from the 0% value of scale (SCL) and 100% value of scale (SCH).
(7)	Numerical scale	The numerical scale is automatically determined from the 0% value of scale (SCL) and 100% value of scale (SCH), and is displayed centered and to the right of the main scale marks. The number of digits to be displayed is three (or four digits if there is no decimal point).
(8)	PV pointer	A PV value is indicated by two pointers (at the left and right sides of the scale). The pointer display moves up and down with a resolution of 0.5%.
(9)	SV pointer	An SV value is indicated with a pointer. The pointer display moves up and down with a resolution of 0.5%.
(10)	Engineering units	Engineering units (UNIT) are displayed in a maximum of seven digits.
(11)	PH, PL, HH, and LL pointers	PH values (high limit alarm setpoints for PV) and PL values (low limit alarm setpoints for PV) are indicated with triangular pointers, while HH values (high-high limit alarm setpoints for PV) and LL values (low-low limit alarm setpoints for PV) are indicated with pointers which are overlapped pairs of triangles.
(12)	MV meter scale	Scale marks are displayed on the MV meter scale. The mark at the far left is the 0% position and the mark at the far right is the 100% position. Each scale division is 5%.
(13)	MV pointer	MV values are indicated with a pointer. Since the scale's full scale is 80 dots (100%), the MV pointer increases and decreases in a resolution of 1.25%.
(14)	MH and ML pointers	MH values (high limit setpoints of MV) and ML values (low limit setpoints of MV) are indicated with triangular pointers.
(15)	MV valve direction	The MV valve direction is displayed as [C] (closed) or [O] (open). The valve direction can be set.

Table 5.7							
No. in	Name		Description				
Figure							
		The controller	opera	tion status is displayed.			
		Display	,	Description	Display		
		Display	Becomption		Priority Order		
		[POWER DO	WN]	Power down is being detected.	(1)		
	Operation status	[H.MAN]		Hard manual selector switch has been activated.	(2)		
(16)	display	(No indication	n)	The instrument is operating.			
	uispiay	[STOP]		Operation stopped (such as while setting a function			
				on the Engineering Display, etc.)	(2)		
		[TEST1]		Test run mode 1 (only in the programmable mode)	(3)		
		ITESTO		Test run mode 2 (only in the programmable mode)			
				Simulation program is being executed			
(17)	key function display	<ol> <li>Multi-function mode         The P# key function is set using the PF key function selection parameter [PFKEY].         When the STC mode selection is "not OFF" and the "P# key has been set to STC", the function display becomes [STC]. In other cases, nothing is displayed.     </li> <li>Programmable mode         The P# key function can be defined in user programs.         The function display becomes [STC] in the programmable mode     </li> </ol>					
		The key LOC	K statu	is displayed.			
		Display		Description			
(4.0)	Key LOCK status	[ALLK]	[ALLK]				
(18)	display	[MDLK]		A and M keys are disabled			
		[SVLK]	[SVLK]     SV increase and decrease (▲, ♥) keys are disabled.				
		[MVLK]	MV in	crease and decrease (🤍 , 🔊) keys are disabled.			
(19)	Control status display	Control status the controller r programmable	s is dis mode e mod	played in abbreviations. Control status display differs according to the control mode; or according to the control mode. See Tables 5.8 to 5.10.	ording to dule in the		

Table 5.8 Control Status Display in the YS1500/YS1700 Multi-function Mode

Controller Mode Display Item	Single Loop	Cascade	Selector
Control status display (Note 1)	CAS SPC, DDC BUA, BUM	CAS SPC, DDC BUA, BUM	CAS SPC, DDC BUA, BUM
Control substatus display 1 (Note 2)	EXT-MAN, EXT-AUT EXT-PMV, EXT-TRK	None	None
Control substatus display 2 (Note 3)	SV TRK, PV TRK	OPEN, CLOSE	SV2-RMT, SV2-LCL SEL1, SEL2

Table 5.9 Control Status Display in the YS1700 Programmable Mode

Control Module Display Item	Basic Control	Cascade Control	Selector Control	Dual-loop Control
Control status display (Note 1)	CAS SPC, DDC BUA, BUM	CAS SPC, DDC BUA, BUM	CAS SPC, DDC BUA, BUM	CAS SPC, DDC BUA, BUM
Control substatus display 1 (Note 2)	None	None	None	None
Control substatus display 2 (Note 3)	None	OPEN, CLOSE	SV2-RMT SV2-LCL SEL1, SEL2, SEL- EXT	None

Note 1: Only when the operation mode is in cascade setting automatic control (C mode) is a control status displayed, while nothing is indicated in automatic control (A mode) or manual control (M mode).

Note 2: When each control substatus is generated, one item is displayed. Nothing is displayed when a status is not generated. Note 3: One of the control substatuses is always displayed.

# Monitoring and Control of Regular Operations (Operation Display)

Table 5.10 Me	rable 5.10 Meaning of Display Abbreviations						
Symbol	Meaning	Symbol	Meaning				
CAS	Remote operation being conducted in response to external setpoint input	SV TRK	SV being tracked				
SPC	Remote operation being conducted in response to SV from a high-level device	PV TRK	PV being tracked				
DDC	Remote operation being conducted in response to MV from a high-level device	OPEN	(Internal) cascade open				
BUA	Transition to backup auto status	CLOSE	(Internal) cascade closed				
BUM	Transition to backup manual status	SV2-RMT	Loop 2's SV2 remote setting				
EXT-MAN	Transition to manual control in response to external digital input	SV2-LCL	Loop 2's SV2 local setting				
EXT-AUT	Transition to automatic control in response to external digital input	SEL1	Loop 1 side's selection status				
EXT-PMV	Preset MV being output in response to external digital input	SEL2	Loop 2 side's selection status				
EXT-TRK	Output being tracked in response to external digital input	SEL-EXT	External signal selection status				

► For causes of alarms that have occurred and actions to be taken: see "Troubleshooting" in this manual.

# **Operating the METER Display**

The following four operations can be conducted on the METER Display.

- (1) Operation mode switching operation
- (2) SV setting operation
- (3) MV operation
- (4) PF key operation

The operations can be conducted in the loop 1 when the display title shows METER 1, and in the loop 2 when it shows METER 2. The operation methods are the same as those of the LOOP Display.

Monitoring and Control of Regular Operations (Operation Display)

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# Monitoring and Operating the TREND Display

The TREND Display provides trend displays of PV, SV, MV, etc. in addition to the LOOP Display functions. The TREND 1 Display can provide trend displays of PV1, SV1, and MV1; the TREND 2 Display can provide those of PV2, SV2, and MV2; and the TREND 3 Display can show those of any four data selected from PV1, PV2, SV1, SV2, MV1, MV2, X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6, X7, X8, Y1, Y2, Y3, and Y4. TREND Display also enables display data to be turned ON/OFF. It does not display control statuses and alarms that have occurred.



Figure 5.3

Table 5.11							
No. in Figure	Name		Description				
(1)	Tag number	A tag number comb is displayed on a loc For TREND 3 Displ	A tag number combining alphanumeric characters and symbols having a maximum of 12 digits is displayed on a loop basis. For TREND 3 Display, the tag number of the loop 1 is indicated.				
(2)	Display title	The title of the displ	ay being shown is indicated.				
(3)	Digital display	PV, SV, and MV dig For TREND 3 Displ	ital values are displayed. ay, data selections 1 to 4 are indicated.				
(4)	Trend display	The time span of the set trend display is divided into 60 partitions, and PV, SV and MV values in the period of one time partition are displayed with the smallest and largest values of selected data in the vertical line of one element. Trend display is clipped and displayed at 0% if a relevant value is below 0% or at 100% if it exceeds 100%.					
(5)	Trend data pointers	PV, SV, and MV values and selected data are indicated with triangular pointers. The pointer display moves up and down with a resolution of 0.5%.					
The controller operation status is displayed.							
		Display	Description	Display Priority Order			
		[POWER DOWN]	Power down is being detected.	(1)			
		[H.MAN]	Lieud us eus el sels sten su útebles a la sur setti sete d				
(6) Operation status			Hard manual selector switch has been activated.	(2)			
(-)	Operation status	(No indication)	The instrument is operating.	(2)			
	display	(No indication) [STOP]	The instrument is operating. Operation stopped (such as while setting a function on the Engineering Display, etc.)	(2)			
	Operation status display	(No indication) [STOP] [TEST1]	The instrument is operating. Operation stopped (such as while setting a function on the Engineering Display, etc.) Test run mode 1 (only in the programmable mode)	(3)			
	display	(No indication) [STOP] [TEST1]	The instrument is operating. Operation stopped (such as while setting a function on the Engineering Display, etc.) Test run mode 1 (only in the programmable mode) Test run mode 2 (only in the programmable mode)	(3)			
	Operation status display	(No indication) [STOP] [TEST1] [TEST2]	The instrument is operating. Operation stopped (such as while setting a function on the Engineering Display, etc.) Test run mode 1 (only in the programmable mode) Test run mode 2 (only in the programmable mode) Simulation program is being executed	(2)			
(7)	Operation status display Engineering units	(No indication) [STOP] [TEST1] [TEST2] Engineering units (I	The instrument is operating. Operation stopped (such as while setting a function on the Engineering Display, etc.) Test run mode 1 (only in the programmable mode) Test run mode 2 (only in the programmable mode) Simulation program is being executed JNIT) are displayed in a maximum of seven digits.	(3)			
(7)	Engineering units 0% value of scale, 100% value of scale	(No indication) [STOP] [TEST1] [TEST2] Engineering units (I The 0% value of sc on a loop basis in di decimal point).	Hard manual selector switch has been activated.         The instrument is operating.         Operation stopped (such as while setting a function on the Engineering Display, etc.)         Test run mode 1 (only in the programmable mode)         Test run mode 2 (only in the programmable mode)         Simulation program is being executed         JNIT) are displayed in a maximum of seven digits.         ale (SCL) and the 100% value of scale (SCH) of PV and igital values of five significant digits (seven digits including)	(2) (3) SV are displayed ng a sign and			

2						
Name		Description				
Time span scale	The time spa scale marks 30-line positi	The time span scale (a vertical line) is displayed by a dotted line at the 60-line positions. If the cale marks are divided into 4 divisions or more, the time span scale is also displayed at the 30-line positions.				
Trend display time span	The trend dis represents th is the current display time	The trend display time span setpoint is displayed. The trend display span is 90 lines, but it epresents the time span for 60 lines. Trend display is provided such that the 0-line position s the current time, while the 90-line position is the maximum past time. Changing the trend display time span causes data that has been displayed up to that time to be cleared.				
MV display	The MV bar, direction are	The MV bar, MV scale, MH pointer, ML pointer, MV underflow, MV overflow, and MV valve direction are displayed. The display contents are the same as those of the LOOP Display.				
key function display	<ul> <li>The PF key function is displayed. The PF key function display is different in the multi-function mode and the programmable mode.</li> <li>Multi-function mode The PF key function is set using the PF key function selection parameter [PFKEY]. When the STC mode selection is "not OFF" and the "PF key has been set to STC", the function display becomes [STC]. In other cases, nothing is displayed. </li> <li>Programmable mode The PF key function can be defined in user programs.</li></ul>					
	The key LOC	K status is displayed.				
Key LOCK status display	Display       Description         [ALLK]       (a), and (b) keys, SV increase and decrease (c), (b) keys, I increase and decrease (c), (c) keys, and (c					
	Name         Time span scale         Trend display time span         MV display         Image: mage: mage	Name       The time span scale         Time span scale       The time span scale marks : 30-line positi         Trend display time span       The trend dis represents the is the current display time server and the span         MV display       The MV bar, direction are         MV display       The IPP key mode and the 1) Multi-fun The IPP when the function 42) Program The IPP The func         Key LOCK status display       The key LOCK         Key LOCK status display       IMDLK]         [SVLK]       [MVLK]	Name         Description           Time span scale         The time span scale (a vertical line) is displayed by a dotted line at the 60-line positions. If the scale marks are divided into 4 divisions or more, the time span scale is also displayed at the 30-line positions.           Trend display time         The trend display time span for 60 lines. Trend display is provided such that the 0-line position is the current time, while the 90-line position is the maximum past time. Changing the trend display time span causes data that has been displayed up to that time to be cleared.           MV display         The W bar, MV scale, MH pointer, ML pointer, MV underflow, MV overflow, and MV valve direction are displayed. The display contents are the same as those of the LOOP Display.           The IP key function is displayed. The IP key function selection parameter [PFKEY].           When the STC mode selection is "not OFF" and the "IP key has been set to STC", the function display becomes [STC]. In other cases, nothing is displayed.           Programmable mode         The IP key function can be defined in user programs. The function display becomes [STC]. In other cases, nothing is displayed.           Y Programmable mode         The Key LOCK status display           ME LUCK status display         Im ercease and decrease (IPF) in the programmable mode.           Image: LocK status display         Image: LocK status display           Image: LocK status display         Image: LocK status display           Image: LocK status display         Image: LocK status display           Image: LocK status disp			

# **Operating the TREND Displays**

The following operations can be conducted on the TREND 1 and TREND 2 Displays:

- (1) Operation mode switching of the loop displayed
- (2) SV setting operation of the loop displayed
- (3) MV operation of the loop displayed
- (4) PF key operation

The following operations can be conducted on the TREND 3 Display:

(1) MV1 operation

(2) PF key operation

The operation methods are the same as those of the LOOP Display.

The following table shows the contents displayed in trend data 1 to 4.

	TREND 1 Display	TREND 2 Display	TREND 3 Display
Trend data 1	PV1	PV2	Set using the TRDS1 parameter
Trend data 2	SV1	SV2	Set using the TRDS2 parameter
Trend data 3	MV1 (Note)	MV2 (Note)	Set using the TRDS3 parameter
Trend data 4	None	None	Set using the TRDS4 parameter

Note: When the controller mode is set to the cascade/selector mode, MV will be displayed.

# Monitoring and Operating the ALARM Display

The ALARM Display collectively indicates detailed information when alarm(s) occurs. It allows the user to acknowledge unacknowledged alarms and events.



Figure 5.4

Table 5.13								
No. in Figure	Name		Description					
(1)	Tag number	The tag number	he tag number of the loop 1 is displayed.					
(2)	Display title	The title of the di	he title of the display being shown is indicated.					
		Alarms and ever are classified into	nts that have o o the following	ccurred or be four types:	een generated a	e displayed on a type ba	asis. They	
		Displa	ay		Descripti	on		
(3)	Item title	[PROCESS]		Process alar	ms			
		[STC]		STC alarms				
		[SYSTEM]	:	System alarr	ns			
		[EVENT]		Event display	у			
		<ul> <li>Red backlit displ</li> <li>Normal display c</li> <li>has now recover</li> <li>For causes o</li> <li>this manual.</li> <li>The alarm items</li> <li>Process Alarms</li> </ul>	pes of display lay of items: Ar of items: Indica red f alarms that h to be displaye	alarm(s) is a larm(s) is a larm(s) is a larm(s) is a larm(s) as that an a lare soccurred are as follo	larm items as for currently being g larm(s) was gen d and actions to t ows:	lows: enerated erated in the past, but th be taken: see "Troublest	e situation nooting" in	
		Display	Descr	iption	Display	Description		
		[PH1]	PV1 high limi	it alarm	[PH2]	PV2 high limit alarm		
		[PL1]	PV1 low limit	alarm	[PL2]	PV2 low limit alarm		
(4)	Alarm item	[HH1]	PV1 high-hig	h limit alarm	[HH2]	PV2 high-high limit ala	arm	
		[LL1]	PV1 low-low	limit alarm	[LL2]	PV2 low-low limit alar	m	
		[DL1]	Deviation 1 a	llarm	[DL2]	Deviation 2 alarm		
		[VL1]	PV1 velocity	alarm	[VL2]	PV2 velocity alarm		
		STC Alarms						
		Display	Descri	ption	Display	Description		
		[SYS-ALM]	System alarn	n	[PWRDWN]	Power supply failure		
		[PVOVR]	PV alarm		[PBLMT]	PB alarm		
		[MVLMT]	MV alarm		[TILMT]	TI alarm		
		[OPERR]	Operation fai	lure	[TDLMT]	TD alarm		
		[IDERR]	Identification	impossible	[RTALM]	RT alarm		

able 5.14						
NO. IN	Name	Description				
Igule		System Alarms				
		Display	Description	Description		
		[X1] to [X8]	Input overrange Register names X1 to X8 that h	Input overrange Register names X1 to X8 that have been allocate		
			to each input terminal are displayed.			
		[Y1] and [Y3]	Output open (current output only) Register names Y1 and Y3	Output open (current output only) Register names Y1 and Y3 are displayed.		
		[CALC]	Computation overflow (only in the YS1700 progra	Computation overflow (only in the YS1700 programmable mode)		
		[OVER]	Exceeding of control period (only in the YS1700 pro	Exceeding of control period (only in the YS1700 programmable mode)		
		[COMM]	RS-485 communication error, DCS-LCS commu	nication error, or		
(4)			peer-to-peer communication error			
(4)	Alarm item	[ETHER]	Ethernet communication error			
		[PTOP]	Peer-to-peer communication error			
		[PROG]	User program error			
		[DATA]	YSS1000 writing incomplete			
		[CALR]	Adjustment inspection error			
		Event indication				
		Display	Description			
		[EVENT1] to	User-set events 1 to 5			
		[EVENT5]				
(5)	Unacknowledged alarm marks	For unacknowledged alarms, [*] is indicated in front of alarm items.				
	Operation status display	The controller operation status is displayed.				
		Display	Description	Display		
		Display	Description	Priority Order		
		[POWER DOWN]	Power down is being detected.	(1)		
		[H.MAN]	Hard manual selector switch has been activated.	(2)		
(6)		(No indication)	The instrument is operating.			
		[STOP]	Operation stopped (such as while setting a function			
			on the Engineering Display, etc.)	(3)		
		[TEST1]	Test run mode 1 (only in the programmable mode)	(-)		
		[TEST2]	lest run mode 2 (only in the programmable mode)			
			Simulation program is being executed			
(7)	Alarm lamp	Lights up if a process alarm, STC alarm, or system alarm occurs.				
(8)	Software key function display	Indicates that the [ALM CLR] software key is allocated to the  key, the [EVT ON] software key to the  key, the [J] software key to the  key, and the [EVT CLR] software key to the  key. ► For operation: see the following "Operating the ALARM Display."				
(9)	MV display	MV bar, MV scale, MH pointer, ML pointer, MV underflow, MV overflow, and MV valve direction are displayed. The display contents are the same as those of the LOOP Display.				

## Monitoring and Control of Regular Operations (Operation Display)

#### **Operating the ALARM Display**

The following operations can be conducted on the ALARM Display:

- (1) MV operation (the same as that of the LOOP Display)
- (2) Acknowledgement of unacknowledged alarms/events
- (3) Re-display of event indication

# Acknowledging unacknowledged alarms/events

The Alarm [ALM CLR] software key is used to acknowledge that an alarm has occurred. When this key is pressed, the "\*" mark that indicates that the alarm concerned has not yet been acknowledged, and that indicates currently not occurring alarms will be erased, implying that the alarm(s) has been acknowledged. The Event [EVT CLR] software key is used to acknowledge an event. When this key is pressed, the "\*" mark that indicates that the event concerned has not yet been acknowledged, and that indicates events currently not generated will be erased, implying that the event(s) has been acknowledged.

# • Re-displaying event indication

Browse through the event lines using the  $[\downarrow]$  software key (() key) to select an event you wish to see and then press the [EVT ON] software key (() key). This causes the event to be re-displayed.

Figure 5.5

Select an event.-



Select a generated event using the [↓] software key (() key) then press the [EVT ON] software key (() key). This causes the generated event status (\*) to be displayed.

Press the [EVT CLR] software key ( $\fbox\$  , and then clears the selected generated event status (\*).

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# Monitoring and Operating the DUAL Display

The DUAL Display has two display titles: DUAL1 and DUAL2.

Information concerning PV, SV, and MV are displayed simultaneously for both loops. The loop 1 information is shown on the left, and the loop 2 information is displayed on the right.



Figure 5.6

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Table 5.15						
No. in Figure	Name	Description				
(1)	Tag number	The tag number of the loop 1 appears for DUAL1 Display, while that of the loop 2 appears for DUAL2 Display.				
(2)	Display title	The title of the displa	ay being shown is indicated.			
(3)	PV, SV, and MV digital display	PV, SV, and MV digi the right. The loop th	PV, SV, and MV digital values of the loop 1 are displayed at the left and those of the loop 2 at the right. The loop that is inverse displayed can be operated.			
(4)	Loop number	Loop numbers "1" (le	eft) and "2" (right) are displayed.			
(5)	Control substatus	Control substatus is inverse displayed in one character below the loop number. The substatus display shown in Table 5.17 is indicated depending on controller mode in the multi-function mode or a control module in the programmable mode. Nothing is indicated in cases other than this.				
(6)	PV bar	PV1 (left) and PV2 (right) are displayed in bars. The bar display is in 200 dots at full scale (100%) and increases or decreases on a dot (0.5%) basis.				
(7)	Engineering units	Engineering unit 1 (le	Engineering unit 1 (left) and engineering unit 2 (right) are displayed in a maximum of seven digits.			
(8)	0% value of scale, 100% value of scale	SCL1, SCH1 (left), SCL2, and SCH2 (right) are displayed in engineering units in digital values of five significant digits (seven digits including a sign and decimal point).				
(9)	PV bar scale	The PV bar scale is displayed divided into a maximum of 10 divisions (10% segments).				
(10)	SV pointer	SV1 (left) and SV2 (right) are indicated with triangular pointers. The pointer display moves up and down with a resolution of 0.5%.				
(11)	PV underflow, PV overflow	PV underflow (PV1 at the left, PV2 at the right) is displayed if a PV value is below 0%, while PV overflow (PV1 at the left, PV2 at the right) is displayed if it exceeds 100%.				
		The controller operation status is displayed.				
	Operation status display	Display	Description	Display Priority Order		
		[POWER DOWN]	Power down is being detected.	(1)		
		[H.MAN]	Hard manual selector switch has been activated.	(2)		
(12)		(No indication)	The instrument is operating.			
		[STOP]	Operation stopped (such as while setting a function on the Engineering Display, etc.)			
		[TEST1]	Test run mode 1 (only in the programmable mode)	(3)		
		ITECTO	Test run mode 2 (only in the programmable mode)			
			Simulation program is being executed			
(13)	PH, PL, HH, and LL pointers	PH values (high limit alarm setpoints for PV) and PL values (low limit alarm setpoints for PV) are indicated with triangular pointers, while HH values (high-high limit alarm setpoints for PV) and LL values (low-low limit alarm setpoints for PV) are indicated with pointers which are overlapped pairs of triangles.				

Table 5.16					
No. in Figure	Name	Description			
(14)	MV display	The MV bar, MV scale, MH pointer, ML pointer, MV underflow, MV overflow, and MV valve direction are displayed. The display contents are the same as those of the LOOP Display.			
(15)	▶ key function display	<ul> <li>The P key function is displayed. The key function display is different in the multi-function mode and the programmable mode.</li> <li>1) Multi-function mode The key function is set using the PF key function selection parameter [PFKEY]. When the STC mode selection is "not OFF" and the "P key has been set to STC", the function display becomes [STC]. In other cases, nothing is displayed. 2) Programmable mode The key function can be defined in user programs. The function display becomes [PEI in the programmable mode </li> </ul>			
		The key LOCK status is displayed.			
	Key LOCK status display	Display	Description		
(16)		[ALLK]	E, A, and keys, SV increase and decrease (△, ♥) keys, MV increase and decrease (<, >) keys, and key are disabled.		
		[MDLK]	C, A, and keys are disabled.		
		[SVLK]	SV increase and decrease (A, (), keys are disabled.		
		[MVLK]	MV increase and decrease ( , ) keys are disabled.		

#### Table 5.17

Controller Mode or	Control Substatus	Description	Control Substatus Display in LOOP
Control Module	Display in DUAL Display		Display
Cascade or CSC control module	0	The cascade is open.	OPEN
Selector or SSC control	S	The corresponding loop has been selected.	SEL1 (where "S" is displayed in the loop1) or SEL2 (where "S" is displayed in the loop2)
module	E	An external signal has been selected.	EXT (in the programmable mode)

Control module: YSS1000 Setting Software/YS1700 Programmable Function User's Manual

# Operating the DUAL Display

The following four operations can be conducted on the DUAL Display:

(1) Operation mode switching operation

(2) SV setting operation

(3) MV operation

(4) PF key operation

The operation methods are the same as those of the LOOP Display.

When the display title is DUAL1, the loop 1 can be operated; when it is DUAL2, the loop 2 can be operated. To make the operable loop easy to identify, the color of the backlit tag number, PV bar, and MV bar on the operable loop are displayed in the same color (selected loop color).

# Switching of Operation Modes (Automatic Control (A), Manual Control (M), or Cascade Setting Automatic Control (C))

# Switching by Keystroke



The operation mode can be switched by pressing the relevant key in the table below. This causes the light inside the key corresponding to the selected operation mode to light up. Note that on the ALARM Display, the operation mode cannot be switched.

Key	Name	Function
M	M mode key	Press this key to change to manual operation. It is not possible to change from manual control to cascade setting automatic control. To change to cascade setting automatic control, do so via automatic control.
	A mode key	Press this key to change to automatic control.
C	C mode key	Press this key to change to automatic control to set a value from an external analog signal or communication as a cascade setting. (The C mode key is disabled when shipped from the factory.)

#### Note .

If the operation mode switching function is allocated to digital input, there may be cases where the operation mode cannot be switched by keystrokes. In such cases, check the allocation of the digital input function.

Operation mode transition in the figure below represents the single-loop mode with analog input-based cascade setting. If cascade setting is not used, it is only possible to switch between automatic control and manual control.





Figure 5.7

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Selector mode (no cascade setting based on analog input)

# Switching in Response to Digital Input

No function is allocated to digital input when shipped from the factory. To switch the operation mode in response to digital input, the operation mode switching function needs to be allocated to digital input.

For digital input function assignment: see Chapter 3, Auxiliary Input and Output Functions, in the YS1500 Indicating Controller/YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller User's Manual.

Operation mode transition in the figure below represents the cascade and selector modes. There is no cascade setting based on analog input.

For operation mode transition: see 1.1, Selecting the Controller Mode (CTL), in the YS1500 Indicating Controller/YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller User's Manual.



Cascade mode (no cascade setting based on analog input)

Press the M mode key in the loop 1 (the number represents the relevant loop)
 Press the A mode key in the loop 2 (the number represents the relevant loop)

Figure 5.8

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# **Operating the Tuning Displays**

There are displays for setting and displaying control parameters such as PID, etc. and a display for monitoring input/output signals. To set tuning parameters proceed according to the setting examples below, and refer to "Overview of Display Switching and Operation Keys" and "List of Parameters".

- ► For displaying and setting parameters: see "List of Parameters" in this manual.
- For a description of tuning parameter functions: see YS1500 Indicating Controller/YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller User's Manual .

#### Note .

YS1000 has a password function as a security function. If the password has been set up, enter it and then change parameters.

For setting and canceling passwords: see 4.2.2, Inhibiting/Enabling Parameter Change, in the YS1500 Indicating Controller/YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller User's Manual.

# Setting PID

# Setting Display



Operation Display > (Serrise) + (a) keys (to the Tuning Menu Display) > [PID1] software key (PID Setting Display 1) or [PID2] software key (PID Setting Display 2)

Setpoint changing procedure (example of changing proportional band 1):

- Press the [↓] software key to select and zoom in on proportional band 1 [PB1 999.9%].
- (2) Press the [A] or [A] software key to change the setpoint. Holding it down accelerates the value increase/decrease speed.
- (3) Press the Page key to return to the Tuning Menu Display.
- (4) Press the SHIFT + Page keys twice to return to the Operation Display.

This completes the setting procedure.

# Setting Details

Parameters	Names	Setting Range	Factory Default
PB1, PB2	Proportional band	0.1 to 999.9 (%)	999.9
TI1, TI2	Integral time	1 to 9999 (s)	1000
TD1, TD2	Derivative time	0 to 9999 (0: no action)	0

#### Description

The PB2, TI2, and TD2 parameters are used in the loop 2 in the cascade mode, selector mode, and programmable mode.

► For proportional band, integral time, and derivative time: see "Tuning Guide" in this manual.

# Displaying the Operation Display While the Tuning Display is being Shown

Pressing the [OPE] software key while setting a tuning parameter returns you to the Operation Display.



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# **Setting Alarms**

# Setting Display

Tuning Display



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Operation Display > (Sers) + ⓐ keys (to the Tuning Menu Display) > [PID1] software key (PID Setting Display 1) or [PID2] software key (PID Setting Display 2)

Setpoint changing procedure (example of changing high limit alarm setpoint for PV1)

- Press the [↓] software key to select and zoom in on high limit alarm setpoint for PV1 [PH1 106.3].
- (2) Press the [A] or [V] software key to change the setpoint. Holding it down accelerates the value increase/decrease speed.
- (3) Press the Page key to return to the Tuning Menu Display.
- (4) Press the SHIFT + Page keys twice to return to the Operation Display.

This completes the setting procedure.

# Setting Details

Parameters	Names	Setting Range	Factory Default
PH1, PH2	High limit alarm setpoint for PV	Engineering units equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% (*1)	106.3
PL1, PL2	Low limit alarm setpoint for PV	Engineering units equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% (*1)	-6.3
HH1, HH2	High-high limit alarm setpoint for PV	Engineering units equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% (*1)	106.3
LL1, LL2	Low-low limit alarm setpoint for PV	Engineering units equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% (*1)	-6.3
DL1, DL2	Deviation alarm setpoint	Engineering units equivalent to 0.0 to 106.3% (*1)	0.0
VL1, VL2	PV velocity alarm setpoint	Engineering units equivalent to 0.0 to 106.3% (*1)	0.0
VT1, VT2	PV velocity alarm time setpoint	1 to 9999	1
HYS1, HYS2	Alarm hysteresis	Engineering units equivalent to 0.0 to 20.0% (*1)	2.0

\*1 Engineering unit set using the engineering parameters SCH1, SCL1, and SCDP1 (or SCH2, SCL2, and SCDP2).
#### Description

The PH2, PL2, HH2, LL2, DL2, VL2, and VT2 parameters are used in the loop 2 in the cascade mode, selector mode, and programmable mode.

If the high limit alarm setpoint for PV and the high-high limit alarm setpoint for PV are set to the maximum values, no alarm is generated.

If the low limit alarm setpoint for PV and the low-low limit alarm setpoint for PV are set to the minimum values, no alarm is generated.

Alarm hysteresis HYS1 acts on PH1, PL1, HH1, LL1, and DL1 collectively, while alarm hysteresis HYS2 acts on PH2, PL2, HH2, LL2, and DL2 collectively.

The following figure shows an example of actions of the high limit alarm for PV, high-high limit alarm for PV, low limit alarm for PV, low limit alarm for PV, and alarm hystereses.

High-high limit alarm output for PV	Closed	Open	Clo	osed		
High limit alarm output for PV		Open		Closed		
High-high limit alarm setpoint for PV High limit alarm setpoint for PV				Alarr PV	<sup>—</sup> Alarm hysteresi n hysteresis (HYS	is (HYS) 3)
Low limit alarm setpoint for PV Low-low limit alarm setpoint for PV		↓ Alarm —Alarm hyster	hyste esis (	eresis (HYS) (HYS)		
Low limit alarm output for PV		Close	ed		Open	
Low-low limit alarm output for PV		Clo	osed		Open	
						Time

For an example in the figure above, the contact type is such that the contact opens if an event occurs (factory default).

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The following figure shows an example of actions of deviation alarms and alarm hysteresis.



For an example in the figure above, the contact type is such that the contact opens if an event occurs (factory default).

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The value of alarm hysteresis is common to the high limit alarm for PV, high-high limit alarm for PV, low limit alarm for PV, low-low limit alarm for PV, and the deviation alarm.

The figure below shows an example of action of velocity alarm for PV.



For an example in the figure above, the contact type is such that the contact opens if an event occurs (factory default).

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The following table shows the sections to refer to for descriptions of the main functions. Consult them as they also describe functions other than those noted below.

These references are located in the YS1500 Indicating Controller/YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller User's Manual.

Function	Reference Location
Alarm function	3.1.5, Changing Digital Output Functions
Output limiter	1.2.3, Stopping Integral Action to Conduct Control with Less Overshoot (Output Limiter)
Preset MV	2.4, Using Preset MV
Adjustable setpoint filter function	1.2.6, Performing Stable Control for the Step Response of Setpoints (Adjustable Setpoint Filter)
Input filter	2.1.1, Input Filter (First-order Lag Computation)
Square root extraction	2.1.2, Square Root Extraction (Low Cutoff Adjustable)
Line segment	2.1.3, 10-segment Linearizer Function
Ratio	2.1.4, Ratio Operation

# **Operating the Engineering Displays**

There is a display for setting up functions as a controller, a display for setting and displaying various registers and tables, the Input Specification Setting Display, and the Password Setting Display. To set engineering parameter settings, proceed according to the setting examples below, and refer to the "Overview of Display Switching and Operation Keys" and "List of Parameters."

- ► For displaying and setting parameters: see "List of Parameters" in this manual.
- For a description of engineering parameter functions: see YS1500 Indicating Controller/YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller User's Manual.

# CAUTION

There is a SET parameter in the engineering parameters to prevent accidental changes to settings. Unless this parameter setting is changed from INHB (setting inhibited) to ENBL (setting enabled), parameters on the same display cannot be changed. Be aware that changing the setting to ENBL causes YS1000's control action and input/output to be changed. The YS1000 enters manual operation and control stopped status, causing [STOP] to appear at the upper right of the display. The setpoints, manipulated output variables, analog output values, analog output registers, PF status registers, temporary storage registers, output registers, and digital output registers retain the values they had immediately prior to STOP. Dynamic computation (computation with a device number), such as first-order lag and dead time, will be initialized. For user program data, see the YSS1000 Setting Software/YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller User's Manual.

#### Note

YS1000 has a password function as a security function. If the password has been set up, enter it and then change parameters.

► For setting and canceling passwords: see 4.2.2, Inhibiting/Enabling Parameter Change, in the YS1500 Indicating Controller/YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller User's Manual.

#### Note \_

In the programmable mode, there are three displays for the engineering menu. The menu display is switched each time the Page key is pressed.

# Setting the Controller Mode

#### Note

Changing the controller mode causes various parameters to be initialized. For more information, see List of Parameters (p.64). To change the controller mode, press and hold the  $[\Delta]$  or  $[\nabla]$  software key for more than 5 seconds.

#### **Engineering Display**



Operation Display > (ﷺ) + ⓐ keys (to the Tuning Menu Display) > (♣) + ⓐ keys (to the Engineering Menu Display) > [CONFIG1] software key (Configuration Display 1)

#### Setpoint changing procedure:

- (1) Press the [↓] software key to select and zoom in on [SET INHB].
- (2) Press the  $[\triangle]$  software key to change to [SET ENBL].
- (3) Press the [] software key to select and zoom in on controller mode selection [CTL SINGLE].
- (4) Press and hold the [△] or [▽] software key for more than 5 seconds to change the setpoint.
- (5) Press the Page key to return to the Engineering Menu Display. (The SET parameter returns to setting inhibited [SET INHB] at the instant when you are brought to the menu display.)
- (6) Press the SHIFT + Page keys to return to the Operation Display.

This completes the setting procedure.

# Setting Details

	Parameters	Names	Setting Range	Factory Default
			PROG: Programmable mode (*1) SINGLE: Single-loop mode	For YS1700: PROG
	Controller mode selection	CAS: Cascade mode SELECT: Selector mode	For YS1500: SINGLE	

\*1: Only selectable for YS1700

- ► For programmable mode: see YSS1000 Setting Software/YS1700 Programmable Function User's Manual.
- For single-loop mode, cascade mode, and selector mode: see 1.1, Selecting the Controller Mode, in the YS1500 Indicating Controller/YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller User's Manual.

#### Setting the Control Type and Control Operation Formula

## Setting Display

### **Engineering Display**



Operation Display > (ﷺ) + ⓐ keys (to the Tuning Menu Display) > (♣) + ⓐ keys (to the Engineering Menu Display) > [**CONFIG2**] software key (Configuration Display 2)

Setpoint changing procedure (example of changing control type):

- (1) Press the  $[\downarrow]$  software key to select and zoom in on [SET INHB].
- (2) Press the []] software key to change to [SET ENBL].
- (3) Press the [1] software key to select and zoom in on control type 1 [CNT1 PID].
- (4) Press the  $[\triangle]$  or  $[\bigtriangledown]$  software key to change the setpoint.
- (5) Press the Page key to return to the Engineering Menu Display.
- (6) Press the SHIFT + Page keys to return to the Operation Display.

A control operation formula can also be changed in the same way as above. This completes the setting procedure.

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#### Setting Details

Parameters	Names	Setting Range	Factory Default
CNT1, CNT2	Control type	PID: Standard PID control S-PI: Sample-and-hold PI control BATCH: Batch PID control (*1) PD: Proportional (PD) control	PID
ALG1, ALG2 Control operation formula		I-PD: PV proportional type PID PI-D: PV derivative type PID SVF: Adjustable setpoint filter	I-PD

\*1: Only selectable for YS1700

#### Description

The CNT2 and ALG2 parameters are used in the loop 2 in the cascade mode, selector mode, and programmable mode.

	Single Jeen Mede	Cascad	le Mode	Selector Mode	
	Single-loop wode	Loop 1	Loop 2	Loop 1	Loop 2
Standard PID control	✓	✓	~	~	~
Proportional(PD)control	~	-	_	_	_
Sample-and-hold PI control	~	✓	~	-	-
Batch PID control	✓	-	-	_	_

Legend 🗸 : Available, --: Not available

For standard PID control, proportional control, sample-and-hold PI control, and batch PID control: see 1.2, Selecting the Control Method (Selecting Control Type CNT and Control Operation Formula ALG, in the YS1500 Indicating Controller/YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller User's Manual.

# Setting the Scale and Decimal Point Position for Process Variables

# Setting Display



Operation Display > (≪™) + (a) keys (to the Tuning Menu Display) > (≪™) + (a) keys (to the Engineering Menu Display) > [CONFIG2] software key (Configuration Display 2)

Setpoint changing procedure (example of changing scale):

- (1) Press the  $[\downarrow]$  software key to select and zoom in on [SET INHB].
- (2) Press the  $[\triangle]$  software key to change to [SET ENBL].
- (3) Press the [↓] software key to select and zoom in on the 100% value of scale 1 [SCH1 1000].
- (4) Press the [△] or [○] software key to change the setpoint. Holding it down accelerates the value increase/decrease speed.
- (5) Press the [1] software key to select and zoom in on the 0% value of scale 1 [SCL1 0].
- (6) Press the [ ] or [ ] software key to change the setpoint. Holding it down accelerates the value increase/decrease speed.
- (7) Press the [↓] software key to select and zoom in on decimal point position 1 [SCDP1 #####.#].
- (8) Press the  $[\triangle]$  or  $[\bigtriangledown]$  software key to change the setpoint.

(9) Press the Page key to return to the Engineering Menu Display.(10)Press the SHIFT + Page keys to return to the Operation Display.

Change the loop 2 in the same way as above as necessary. This completes the setting procedure.

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# **Setting Details**

Parameters	Names	Setting Range	Factory Default
SCH1, SCH2	100% value of scale	-80000 to 80000	1000
SCL1, SCL2	0% value of scale	-80000 to 80000	0
SCDP1, SCDP2	Decimal point position	#####,####.#,###.##,##.###,#.####	####.#

## Description

The SCH2, SCL2, and SCDP2 parameters are used in the loop 2 in the cascade mode, selector mode, and programmable mode. The figure below shows an example of setting the 100% value of scale to 1000, the 0% value of scale to 0, and the decimal point position to one decimal place (#####). Process variables and setpoints are displayed on the scale that is set here.



Note: If a wide scale span (100% to 0% value of scale) is specified, the value less than 0.1% of PV may fluctuate.



Figure 7.1

# **Registering a Tag and Units**

# Setting Display

Engineering Display

 Yest 700
 Store

 ConF 16
 Store

 Set
 ENEL

 Set
 ENEL

Operation Display > (SHF) + ⓐ keys (to the Tuning Menu Display) > (SHF) + ⓐ keys (to the Engineering Menu Display) > [CONFIG2] software key (Configuration Display 2)

Setpoint changing procedure (example of setting a tag):

- (1) Press the [J] software key to select and zoom in on [SET INHB].
- (2) Press the  $[\triangle]$  software key to change to [SET ENBL].
- (3) Press the [] software key to select and zoom in on tag number 1 [TAG1 --- YS1700---].
- (4) Press the [↓] or [↑] software key to move the cursor over the position where the tag is registered.
- (5) Press the [ $\bigtriangleup$ ] or [ $\bigtriangledown$ ] software key to change the character (setting is made on a character basis).
- (6) Repeat steps (4) and (5) to register the tag.
- (To erase a character, enter a space.)
- (7) Press the Page key to return to the Engineering Menu Display.
- (8) Press the SHIFT + Page keys to return to the Operation Display.

This completes the setting procedure.

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# **Setting Details**

Parameters	Names	Setting Range	Factory Default
TAG1, TAG2	Tag number	12 digits of alphanumeric characters	For YS1700:YS1700 For YS1500:YS1500
UNIT1, UNIT2	Engineering units	7 digits of alphanumeric characters	%

# Description

The TAG2 and UNIT2 parameters are used in the loop 2 in the cascade mode, selector mode, and programmable mode. The tag is displayed in the top line of the LCD.

The settable ASCII codes are as shown below:

Space		!	"	#	\$	%	&	,	(	)	*	+	,	-
	/	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	:	;	<	=
>	?	@	А	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	K	L
M	Ν	õ	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	Х	Y	Z	]
¥	]	^	_	`	а	b	С	d	е	f	g	h	i	j
k	Ī	m	n	0	р	q	r	s	t	u	V	w	х	y
Z	{	ł	}	~										-

# **Tuning Guide**

This chapter describes how to activate the control functions and perform tuning for novice users.

#### **Starting Operations by Manual Operation**

The following describes how to start operations, using an example of simple PID control.

# (1) Manual operation using the MV operation keys

- 1. Press the IM mode key to switch the operation mode to the M mode. This causes the LED indicator inside the IM mode key to light up.
- 2. Press the or velue key of an SV setting key, to set the SV value.
- 3. Press the  $\bigcirc$  or  $\bigcirc$  key of an MV operation key, to adjust the output signal.

Pressing an MV operation key with the ((fast-change key/SHIFT key) held down accelerates the MV-value increase/ decrease speed.

While confirming that a smooth response is obtained by manual operation, balance the PV value with the SV value or a point in its vicinity.



#### (2) Switching from manual operation to automatic operation

Press the a mode key in condition 3. in item (1) to switch the operation mode to automatic control (A). This causes the LED indicator inside the a mode key to light up, activating automatic operation. Operation changes to automatic operation in a bumpless(\*) manner, not requiring balance operation at switching.

\* Bumpless: This feature has the effect of preventing rapid output changes when automatic operation is started from an output value obtained during manual operation.

#### (3) Alarm check

If the ALM lamp on the front panel is lit, there is some kind of signal abnormality. In this case, check for an alarm item on the ALARM Display to determine the cause of the abnormality and take appropriate actions.

- If the FAIL lamp is lit, an abnormality has occurred in the instrument.
- ► For causes of alarms that have occurred and actions to be taken: see "Troubleshooting" in this manual.





#### **PID Parameter Tuning Guide and Automatic Adjustment**

If the indicating controller is used for an unknown process, it is important to examine the conditions carefully in which the controller is operated by manual adjustment because they are useful in determining the proportional band (PBn), integral time (Tn), and derivative time (TDn) when entering automatic adjustment. (n = 1, 2)

For example, if the process variable (PV) changes significantly when the controller's manipulated output variable (MV) is simply changed slightly, the proportional band (PBn) needs to be widened as a safety provision. In a case where the opposite conditions prevail, the proportional band needs to be narrowed.

Moreover, for processes wherein the time required to follow a change in the controller's output is short, the integral time and derivative time must also be made short. For processes in which recovery time is long, these times need to be made longer.

#### (1) "Proportional + integral" controllers

- Set the operation mode to manual control (M mode) and match the process variable with the setpoint by manual operation. Set the integral time to 9999 seconds, the proportional band to a sufficiently large value, and the derivative time to 0 seconds.
- 2. Change the operation mode to automatic control (A mode).
- Conduct the following operations to obtain the optimum value for the proportional band.
  - Lower the proportional band from a sufficiently large value to a smaller value (for example, from 100% to 50% to 20%). In this case, provide sufficient time to observe the



control conditions at each stage. Continue this process until the control loop's continuation vibration (cycling) starts. Then measure the proportional band value (PBu) and cycling interval (Pu) at this point.

(Cycling is a phenomenon caused because the proportional band has been made narrower than the process's maximum value. It can be identified by the fact that the process variable indication regularly vibrates centering around the point set.) A value approximately 2.2 times the proportional band at which cycling occurs is the maximum proportional band (2.2 PBu).

• Next, the cycling period is measured. A value about 0.83 times the vibration cycle is the integral time to be obtained (0.83 Pu). In general, even if the integral time is significantly reduced, the time taken to balance to the setpoint merely becomes shorter, not changing the operation conditions significantly. However, if it is lowered below a certain critical value determined by the process's delay characteristics, cycling occurs after all. This is due to the integral time having been lowered too excessively. In this case, increase the integral time gradually until cycling stops.



#### (2) "Proportional + integral + derivative" controllers

- 1. Set the operation mode to manual control (M mode) and match a process variable with the setpoint by manual operation. Set the integral time to 9999 seconds, the proportional band to a sufficiently large value, and the derivative time to 0 seconds.
- 2. Change the operation mode to automatic control (A mode).
- 3. Change the proportional band as outlined in the case of the "proportional + integral" controllers in item (1) to look for the point at which cycling just starts to occur. Measure the proportional band (PBu) value and the cycling period (Pu) at this point.
- The optimum setpoints are determined as follows: Proportional band = 1.7 PBu Integral time: 0.5 Pu Derivative time: 0.125 Pu

The method described above is known as the Ziegler Nichols limitation sensitivity method, which allows response characteristics to be obtained in which vibration attenuation is about 25%. Apart from this, various adjustment methods have been proposed, including the step response method shown below. Refer to the technical books of automatic control as necessary.



- For the following, see the YS1000 Series Replacement Manual.
- Installation and wiring for YS1500/YS1700-□2□, -□3□, -□4□, and -□5□
- Connection of the RJC sensor provided with the product with optional code /A02

# Installation Location

#### WARNING

For products with optional code /FM or /CSA:

- 1) Devices must be installed by professionally trained personnel.
- 2) In case of option code /FM, install devices according to NEC (National Electrical Code: ANSI/NFPA-70).
- In case of option code /CSA, all wiring shall comply with Canadian Electrical Code Part I and local electrical codes.

The instrument should be installed in indoor locations meeting the following conditions:

Instrumented panel

This instrument is designed to be mounted in an instrumented panel. Mount the instrument in a location where its terminals will not inadvertently be touched.

Well ventilated locations

Mount the instrument in well ventilated locations to prevent the instrument's internal temperature from rising. To mount multiple indicating controllers, see the external dimensions/panel cutout dimensions which follow. If mounting other instruments adjacent to the instrument, comply with these panel cutout dimensions to provide sufficient clearance between the instruments.

Locations with little mechanical vibration

Install the instrument in a location subject to little mechanical vibration.

#### Horizontal location

Mount the instrument horizontally and ensure that it is level, with no inclination to the right or left.

#### Note

If the instrument is moved from a location with low temperature and low humidity to a place with high temperature and high humidity, or if the temperature changes rapidly, condensation will result. Moreover, in the case of thermocouple inputs, measurement errors will result. To avoid such a situation, leave the instrument in the new environment under ambient conditions for more than 1 hour prior to using it.

Do not mount the instrument in the following locations:

- Outdoors
- Locations subject to direct sunlight or close to a heater
  Install the instrument in a location with stable temperatures that remain close to an average temperature of 23°C. Do not mount it
  in locations subject to direct sunlight or close to a heater. Doing so adversely affects the internal unit.
- Locations with substantial amounts of oily fumes, steam, dust, or corrosive gases The presence of oily fumes, steam, dust, or corrosive gases adversely affects the instrument. Do not mount the instrument in locations subject to any of these substances.
- Areas near electromagnetic field generating sources
   Do not place magnets or tools that generate magnetism near the instrument. If the instrument is used in locations close to a strong
   electromagnetic field generating source, the magnetic field may cause measurement errors.
- Locations where the display is difficult to see The instrument uses an LCD for the display unit, and this can be difficult to see from extremely oblique angles. Mount the instrument in a location where it can be seen as much as possible from the front.
- Areas close to flammable articles Absolutely do not place the instrument directly on flammable surfaces. If such a circumstance is unavoidable and the instrument must be placed close to a flammable item, provide a shield for it made of 1.43 mm thick plated steel or 1.6 mm thick unplated steel with a space of at least 150 mm between it and the instrument on the top, bottom and sides.
- Areas subject to being splashed with water

# **Mounting Method**

#### Mounting the Instrument Main Unit

Provide an instrumented panel steel sheet of 2.3 to 25 mm thickness.

#### (1) For mounting single unit

- 1. Using a screwdriver, loosen the screws of the two provided metal clamps in advance.
- 2. Insert the main unit of the instrument from the front side of the instrumented panel.
- 3. Install one of the metal clamps on top of the main unit and tighten the screw into the rear face of the panel. Repeat the procedure with the second clamp at the bottom of the unit.



To remove the instrument from the panel, reverse the above procedure.



Figure 9.3

- Tighten the screws with appropriate tightening torque within 0.3 0.6N•m. Otherwise it may cause the case deformation or the ٠ bracket damage.
- Ensure that neither tools nor foreign matter enter the inside of the instrument through the holes for fitting the metal clamps.
- Mounting attitude: Up to 75 degrees above the horizontal. No downward titling allowed.

#### (2) For mounting units side-by-side

- 1. According to the arrangement order, mount the other main units side by side in the panel, keeping them in close contact with each other.
- 2. Mount the individual controllers as above in item (1).



Figure 9.4

Installing an Expandable I/O Terminal The expandable I/O terminal is of the wall-mounted or DIN rail mounted type.



# **External Dimensions/Panel Cutout Dimensions**



Weight: 1.6 kg (Basic type) 2.2 kg (Basic type with Expandable I/O)







L(mm)
140
212
284
356
428
500
572
644
716
788
860
932
1004

Trigonometry Unit: mm

General tolerance =  $\pm$ (value of tolerance class IT18 based on JIS B 0401-1998) / 2

Note 1: If a nameplate, etc. is installed within 60 mm above the instrument, the thickness of the nameplate, etc. must be 30 mm or less from the panel surface.

Note 2: When installing the expandable I/O cable, secure the wiring space of at least 60 mm for a minimum curvature radius of the cable in addition to the mountiing bracket space of 72 mm from the terminal cover face of the main unit. Note 3: To ensure good air ventilation, allow space of 100 mm or more at the top and bottom of the panel.

Figure 9.6

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Figure 9.7

Expandable I/O Cable (YS011-03)



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Figure 9.8

# Wiring

## Wiring Precautions



# WARNING

- 1) Be sure to turn OFF the power supply before wiring to avoid an electric shock. Use a tester or similar device to ensure that no power is being supplied to a cable to be connected.
- 2) As a safety measure, always install a circuit breaker (an IEC 60947-compatible product, 5 A, 100 V or 220 V AC) in an easily accessible location near the instrument. Moreover, provide indication that the switch is a device for turning off the power to the instrument.
- 3) Wiring work must be carried out by a person with basic electrical knowledge and practical experience.
- 4) For the wiring cable, the temperature rating is 60 °C or more.



# WARNING

- For products with optional code /FM or /CSA:
- 1) Devices must be wired by professionally trained personnel.
- 2) For the field wiring parameters for YS1000 non-incendive instruments, see Hazardous location usage conditions of Safety Standards in 9.1 General Specifications, in the YS1500 Indicating Controller/YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller User's Manual.
- In case of option code /FM, install devices according to NEC (National Electrical Code: ANSI/NFPA-70). In case of option code /CSA, all wiring shall comply with Canadian Electrical Code Part I and local electrical codes.

# CAUTION

- Provide electricity from a single-phase power supply. If the power is noisy, install an isolation transformer on the primary side, and use a line filter (recommended product: ZAC2205-00U, TDK) on the secondary side. When measures against noise are taken, do not install the primary and secondary power cables close to each other.
- 2) For thermocouple inputs, wire the thermocouple using shielded compensating lead wire. Moreover, for RTD input, use shielded wires with low conducting resistance and no resistance difference between the three wires.
- 3) If there is a risk of external lightning surges, use a lightning arrester, etc.

#### Note .

Please wire from the central terminals.

Terminal Diagrams of YS1500/YS1700 Single-loop, Cascade, and Selector Modes



IM 01B08B02-01EN

# Installation and Wiring



IM 01B08B02-01EN







Installation and Wiring

# Expandable I/O Terminal Diagram (YS1700 Basic Type (with Expandable I/O))

Note: \*Do not use unassigned terminals as relay terminals.



#### **Transmitter Supply Power Wiring**

If the YS1000 is connected to a two-wire transmitter, it is recommended that the field signal be isolated to limit the effects of short circuiting or ground fault incidents within a narrow range. (Use an external distributor.) However, for economical connection to a two-wire transmitter, the YS1000 is equipped with non-isolated power terminals for

However, for economical connection to a two-wire transmitter, the YS1000 is equipped with non-isolated power terminals for transmitters (25 to 25.5 V DC).



Supply current

When no optional specification direct input (/A0□) is provided: 25 to 25.5 V DC, 60 mA (two two-wire transmitters can be connected)

When optional specification direct input (/A0□) is provided: 25 to 25.5 V DC, 30 mA

# Wiring for Digital Input/Output and FAIL Output



WARNING

For products with optional code /FM or /CSA:

- Install explosion-proof wiring defined in the relevant country for the following signal wiring.
- The digital output cable must be wired from the non-hazardous area by using Class I, Division 2 wiring dedicated in potentially explosive atmospheres such as a threaded metal conduit. In addition, it is necessary to be wired not to apply stress at the end of the cable.

External no-voltage and voltage contacts for digital inputs should be provided so that the rated value is obtained. Attention must be paid to excessive conductor resistance and in-conductor voltage drop.





Figure 9.13 Connection of Digital Input (No-voltage Contact)

0916E.ai Figure 9.14 Connection of Digital Input (Voltage Contact)

When driving an external device using contact outputs such as alarm output, status output, and FAIL output, install wiring paying attention to the following:

### CAUTION

- Do not connect loads exceeding the contact rating.
- To drive equipment incorporating inductance components such as relays, always connect a protective diode (surge absorber) in parallel with the load.
- To connect a power supply for driving a load, the power supply's polarity must be matched with that of the contact output. Connecting it in reverse may result in failure.
- An AC load cannot be directly opened or closed using contact output. In this case, provide a repeating relay, etc.





Figure 9.16 Connection of Digital Output to Drive a Load Including AC Power Supply

# Direct Input Wiring (Optional Code /A0□)

Direct input terminals allow the connection of one of the following: mV voltage, thermocouple, RTD, potentiometer, isolator, twowire transmitter, or a pulse signal.

For YS1700, a sensor signal is connected to the direct input terminals, converted into a 1-5 V signal by a signal converter circuit, and then read as analog data (X5). Moreover, it is output as a 1-5 V DC signal from the analog input 5 terminals.

For YS1500, a sensor signal is connected to the direct input terminals, converted into a 1–5 V signal by a signal converter circuit, and then output to the direct input signal output terminals. Connect this signal to the terminals you wish to input to using external wiring. Connecting it to analog input 1 (X1) allows you to monitor measured signals using a standby manual station in the event of a control and display circuit failure.

A ferrite core is included when the optional code /A0 is specified. Be sure to use the ferrite core when connecting to the wire to the direct input terminals.



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# CAUTION

If there is any risk of a surge due to lightning discharge, an arrester should be connected to the direct input signal line. YOKOGAWAAR series is recommended for the arrester.



# Wiring for the Serial Communication Interface (Optional Code /A31)

To perform Modbus communication, PC-link communication, or YS protocol communication connect the wires as shown below. To perform YS protocol communication with DCS, connect the wires as a four-wire type shown below.

If the instrument is located at the end of the wiring, turn ON the terminating resistor. The terminating resistance (internal) can be set using the RS-485 communication terminating resistor ON/OFF (TRMR) engineering parameter.

#### Note

Even if the terminating resistor is being ON, it will be OFF when the power supply of the instrument is turned off.

▶ For details of communication parameter setting and communication functions: see YS1000 Series Communication Interface User's Manual

#### Four-wire connection



Figure 9.19

**Two-wire connection** 



#### Note .

ML2-□ is a YOKOGAWA converter. RS-232C/RS-485 converters other than these devices can also be used. In such a case, check the electric specifications of each converter, etc. before using them.

# Wiring for Distributed Control System (DCS-LCS) Communication (Optional Code /A32)

The following shows a diagram of the wiring between YS1000 and an SCIU communication interface unit.

For the wiring between the DCS and an SCIU, and for the number of units to be connected, see the respective user's manuals. ▶ For details of communication parameter setting and communication functions: see YS1000 Series Communication Interface User's Manual



#### Wiring for Peer-to-peer Communication (YS1700, Optional Code /A31)

Peer-to-peer communication can be used by user programs in the YS1700 programmable mode. To achieve peer-to-peer communication, the wiring is the same as for "two-wire connection" in Wiring for the Serial Communication Interface (Optional Code /A31) (p. 55). Communication cannot be accomplished with four-wire connections.

- For communication parameter setting: see YS1000 Series Communication Interface User's Manual.
- ▶ For details of peer-to-peer communication: see Chapter 8, Using Peer-to-peer Communication, in the YSS1000 Setting Software/YS1700 Programmable Function User's Manual.

#### Wiring for the Ethernet Communication Interface (Optional Code /A34)



# CAUTION

If there is any risk of a surge due to lightning discharge, an arrester for Ethernet (100BASE-TX/10BASE-T) should be connected.

# Wiring for Power Supply and Grounding

# Power supply wiring



## WARNING

Be sure to turn OFF the power supply before wiring. Use a tester or similar device to ensure that no power is being supplied to a cable to be connected.

Install the power cable keeping a distance of more than 1 cm from other signal wires.

The power cable is required to meet the IEC standards concerned or the requirements of the area in which the instrument is being installed.

For the power cable, the temperature rating is 60  $^\circ\text{C}$  or more.

For products with optional code /FM or /CSA:

- When devices are installed in a hazardous area in Class I, Division 2, wire a power supply cable from a non-hazardous area by explosion-proof wiring (including metal conduit wiring).
- In case of option code /FM, install devices according to NEC (National Electrical Code: ANSI/NFPA-70).
   In case of option code /CSA, all wiring shall comply with Canadian Electrical Code Part I and local electrical codes.

## Ground wiring



#### WARNING

The YS1000 should always be grounded to protect the operator and maintenance personnel from electric shock and to prevent the effects of external noise. Ground wiring should be grounded to Ground (minimum resistance). For the ground cable, the temperature rating is 60 °C or more.



## WARNING

After completion of power cable wiring and ground wiring, always install the terminal cover to the instrument.

#### Note .

If there are multiple YS1000s on the same panel and individual grounding cannot be provided, determine the location of a grounding bus lead-in at one location and use and connect grounding cables of 2 mm<sup>2</sup> or more from each YS1000 to the grounding bus.

#### **Crimping terminal recommendations**

#### Ring tongue terminal

()	ød)

Applicable terminals	Applicable wire mm <sup>2</sup> (AWG#)	ød (mm)	A (mm)	F (mm)	Applicable cable	
M4	1.04-2.63 (16-14)	4.4 max.	7.0 max.	7.8 max.	Grounding cable	
	0.25-1.65 (22-16)	4.4 max	6.6 max	6.7 max	Power supply cable Signal cable	

Recommended tightening torque: 1.2 N•m

Applicable wire size: Grounding cable 2 mm<sup>2</sup> or more, Power supply cable 1.25 mm<sup>2</sup> or more

#### Installing the Terminal Cover

After completing the wiring, be sure to install the terminal cover to the instrument for safety and dust proofing.



# Troubleshooting

# How to Take Actions if the ALM Lamp or FAIL Lamp Lights up

- In detecting an abnormality, YS1000 lights up the lamps (FAIL, ALM) at the upper part of the instrument's front panel.
- · FAIL lamp (red): Lights up if a major failure occurs in which the controller cannot operate.
- ALM lamp (yellow): Lights up if a minor abnormality occurs in which the controller can still continue to operate.

#### Actions to be Taken if the ALM Lamp Lights Up

- If the ALM lamp lights up, the alarm item can be checked on the ALARM Display.
- · Alarm types include STC alarms, process alarms, and system alarms.
- An STC alarm or process alarm that has occurred prior to a power failure will be stored in the memory and will be re-displayed upon a HOT start. (Even if the power supply is turned off while in the condition that an alarm occurred in and the instrument is reused without a control module function, the ALM lamp lights up again at HOT start. In this case, set the instrument once to COLD start and turn ON the power supply. This will clear the alarm indication.)

Туре	Alarm Display	Description	Cause of Alarm Occurrence and Diagnosis	Actions and Others
	X1, X2, X3, X4, X5, X6, X7, X8		Input value is less than −6.3% or greater than +106.3%.	The operation mode (C, A, M) does not change in the event of alarm occurrence. Check wiring and instruments connected.
	Y1,Y3	Current output wire open or output read-back error*.	Output 1 (Y1) or output 3 (Y3) output wire is open or output read-back value error*.	Check wiring and instruments connected or Remove the noise of wiring.
	CALC	Computation overflow	The results become infinite or non-numerical in the midst of the execution of computation by user programs in the YS1700 programmable mode.	Computation based on a limit value (positive or negative maximum value) Correct user programs and then perform download again.
	OVER	Exceeding of control period	Control computation by user programs exceeds the control period in the YS1700 programmable mode.	During normal run: Computation stops at 2nd exceeding of the control period. During test run: Computation stops. Correct user programs and then re- download them.
	PROG	User program error	No END instruction Out of a device number range RTN instruction error	User programs are suspended. Correct user programs and then re- download them.
	DATA	DATA Writing from Data write from YSS1000 has not been completed.		Re-download data from YSS1000.
System alarm		RS-485 communication error	Framing parity error Buffer overflow Character-to-character timeout Error detection (checksum, CRC, LRC)	Check communication connection (wiring and communication conditions).
	СОММ	DCS-LCS communication error	Framing parity error Buffer overflow Header receiving data error Framing parity error Error detection (BCC) Communication undetected Communication time exceeded Communication status error	Check communication connection (wiring and communication conditions). Check connection destination.
		Peer-to-peer communication error	Framing parity error Buffer overflow Receiving data error Error detection (checksum)	Check communication connection.
	ETHER	Ethernet communication error	No response from Ethernet communication device	Press the [ALM CLR] software key to confirm the ETHER alarm. If the above operation is repeated many times, it is judged as a failure.
	PTOP	Peer-to-peer communication error	Peer-to-peer communication registers used by the user programs have not been updated.	Check communication connection. Check connection destination.
	CALR	Adjustment inspection	error	Contact YOKOGAWA's sales office or sales representative.

#### Table 10.1 List of Causes of Alarm Occurrence

\* An output read-back error is when SCOCD is set to ALARM (1). (Please see P.62)

# Troubleshooting

Tab	le 10.2 List of	Causes of Alarm Occurrer	nce (Continued)	
Туре	Alarm Display	Description	Cause of Alarm Occurrence and Diagnosis	Actions and Others
	PH1, PH2	High limit alarm for PV	Process abnormality PV1 or PV2 is at or above the high limit alarm setpoint.	
	PL1, PL2	Low limit alarm for PV	Process abnormality PV1 or PV2 is at or below the low limit alarm setpoint.	
Broose	HH1, HH2	High-high limit alarm for PV	Process abnormality PV1 or PV2 is at or above the high-high limit alarm setpoint.	Peopler the process to permal
alarm	LL1, LL2	Low-low limit alarm for PV	Process abnormality PV1 or PV2 is at or below the low-low limit alarm setpoint.	conditions.
	DL1, DL2	Deviation alarm	Abnormal process deviation $ PV1 - SV1 $ or $ PV2 - SV2 $ is at or above the deviation alarm setpoint.	
	VL1, VL2	PV velocity alarm	Abrupt change in process PV1 or PV2 velocity is at or above the velocity alarm change setpoint or velocity alarm setting time setpoint.	

T 1 1 10 0	
Table 10.3	List of Causes of Alarm Occurrence (Continued)

Туре	Alarm Display	Description	Cause of Alarm Occurrence and Diagnosis	Actions and Others	How to Clear
	SYS-ALM	System abnormality	Prohibited combination control element was executed. Control function is not properly activated. Current output is open.	STC stop (auto startup is impossible or stopped)	
	PVOVR	PV alarm	PV value is below -6.3% or above 106.3%.		
STC	MVLMT	MV alarm	MV value is at the output limiter. MV application signal span is inappropriate before starting auto startup. MV value was changed or limited after starting auto startup.	STC continues (auto startup is impossible	Continue STC (auto startup is impossible or stopped)
alarm	OPERR	Operation abnormality	Operation error during auto startup	or stopped)	
	IDERR	Identification impossible	PV change was too small at auto startup.		
	PBLMT	PB alarm	The proportional band has exceeded the high/low limit.	STC continues (No	Eliminate the
	TILMT	TI alarm	Integral time has exceeded the high/low limit.	alarm is generated	cause of alarm.
	TDLMT	TD alarm	Derivative time has exceeded the high/low limit.	auto startup)	Bun auto startun
	RTALM	RT alarm	Signal distribution ratio (RT) > 2 or RT < 0.5		

# Actions to be Taken in the Event of the FAIL Lamp Lighting Up

If the FAIL lamp lights up, the FAIL Display appears. (If both the main processor (MCU) and display processor (DCU) fail or if the gate array (GA) is faulty, the FAIL lamp does not light up.)

FAIL Display	Description	Processing (	Action to be Taken in the Event of Abnormality)
None	Main clock stopped or both the main processor and display processor are defective.		
SCLK	Sub-clock stopped		
MCU	Main processor (MCU) faulty		
DCU	Display processor (DCU) faulty		FAIL contact open
A/D	A/D converter faulty		Output HOLD (Y1 to Y4, DO1 to DO10)
D/A	D/A converter faulty	Control	• Y1 output can be operated using an MV
RAM	MCU-RAM faulty	computation	<ul> <li>operation key (&lt;, SHIF I, &gt;).</li> <li>Y1 output can be operated using the hard</li> </ul>
ROM	MCU-ROM faulty	stopped	manual unit.
FRAM	FRAM faulty		Communication (RS-485, DCS-LCS, or Ethernet) stopped
FLASH	Flash memory faulty		Linemer, stopped
OPT	Communication/expandable I/O abnormal		
SYS	System data abnormal		
EMPFR	FRAM data non-initialized, FRAM data lost		
EMPFL	Flash data non-initialized, Flash data lost	]	

Table 10.4 List of Causes of Failure

# Displays and Operation in the Event of FAIL

YS1000 has an independent control computation circuit (main processor, MCU), a display operation circuit (display processor, DCU), and is also equipped with a current output backup circuit.

If the control computation circuit fails, control computation stops, and outputs (Y1 to Y4 and DO1 to DO10) are changed to held status. The communication function also stops. In this case, the FAIL Display is shown by the display operation circuit. This circuit measures and displays analog input data (X1), allowing a current output signal (Y1) to be manipulated using MV operation keys. The display cannot be switched.

If the display operation circuit fails, both normal display and operation are disabled, thereby causing control computation to be stopped and outputs (Y1 to Y4 and DO1 to DO10) to change to held status. The communication function also stops. In this case, the FAIL Display is shown by the control computation circuit. This circuit measures and displays analog input data (X1), allowing a current output signal (Y1) to be manipulated using MV operation keys. The display cannot be switched. Regardless of the occurrence of a failure, the front panel of the instrument can be swung up to operate a current output signal (Y1)

using the hard manual operation wheel (when the instrument is equipped with the hard manual unit (i.e. with the designation of suffix code  $-1\square\square$ ).

Moreover, use of the YS110 standby manual station facilitates the replacement of the controller's internal unit without interrupting outputs.



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# **Display Provided in the Event of FAIL**

If both the main processor (MCU) and display processor (DCU) fail or if the gate array (GA) is faulty, no display is provided.

#### H.MAN selection status Tag number FAIL lamp lit 70 FAIL C ALM lamp lit FAIL display Engineering units 100.0 100% value of scale A M• M lamp lit Cause of FAIL X1 input bar $\bigtriangledown$ SV pointer PF Hard manual pointer 0% value of scale а D MV valve direction MV valve direction C **((SHIFT**) > $\ll$ Yokogawa 🗇 1002E.ai

Figure 10.2

1002E.ai

Item Names in Figure	Description
X1 input bar	1 to 5 V DC of analog input (X1) is displayed in a range of 0 to 100%.
Y1 output bar	Y1 output value is displayed (if FAIL lights up, the value displayed is the manipulated output variable 1 produced immediately before the occurrence of the failure)
Hard manual pointer	Displayed being linked with the hard manual output value (this pointer is not displayed if suffix code -2 \u2224 was specified.)
H.MAN selection status	Displayed if the hard manual unit has been selected (this indication is not displayed if suffix code -2 \u2224 was specified.)
FAIL cause	The cause of failure is displayed. If there are multiple failures, multiple causes of failures are displayed. No indication is displayed if the cause of failure is unknown.
FAIL and ALM lamps	FAIL lamp lights up and the ALM lamp is off
SV pointer	Undefined
Tag number	The tag number shown immediately before FAIL was displayed.
MV value direction	C-O or O-C indicated immediately before FAIL was displayed.
Scale	0 to 100% unconditionally. Divisions are used that were indicated immediately before FAIL was displayed.
C, A, M lamps	M lamp lights up.
MH and ML pointers	Not displayed
PH, PL, HH, and LL pointers	Not displayed
PV, SV, and MV digital display	Not displayed
Key entry	All invalid with the exception of the MV operation keys (<, SHIFT, >)

# WARNING

If the FAIL lamp lights up and the LCD display does not function, the MV operation keys are available even if both the main processor (MCU) and display processor (DCU) are faulty. However, do not manipulate MV because MV display is invisible.

Table 10.5

#### Selecting the action to take in the event of an error in the circuit diagnosis of current output.

# Description

The SCOCD parameter is enabled when using Y1 terminal or Y3 terminal (Y3TP (analog output 3 current/voltage switching) is 4-20 mA (0)).

This parameter can be used to select D/A FAIL or OOP ALARM for displaying the diagnostic result in the event of an error with the D/A conversion section and read-back value. Note that selecting OFF (2) does not perform diagnosis.

When Y terminal is voltage output (Y2 terminal, Y4 terminal, or Y3 terminal (Y3TP (analog output 3 current/voltage switching) is 1-5V (1)), D/A FALL is displayed if an error occurs with the D/A conversion section, regardless of the setting of SCOCD. Current output wire open is detected, regardless of the setting of SCOCD.

# Setting Display

Parame	ters	Names	Setting Range	Factory Default	Display
SCOCD		Selection of Current Output Circuit Diagnosis	FAIL: D/A FALL in the event of an error ALARM: OOP ALARM in the event of an error OFF: No diagnosis	ALARM	Engineering Menu Display 1 > [CONFIG1] (Configuration Display 1)

#### Note .

· How to use the Selection of Current Output Circuit Diagnosis (SCOCD)

When SCOCD is in ALARM (1) (default value):

If an error is detected in the current output read-back value, OOP ALARM is issued and control is continued. In the event of a breakdown of the current output circuit, control is also continued. In this case, a breakdown of the current output circuit should be judged based on the fact that proper control can no longer be performed or another system alarm or process alarm has been issued.

When SCOCD is in FAIL (0):

If a breakdown of the current output circuit or an error in the current output read-back value is detected, D/A FAIL is set and control is stopped.

When SCOCD is in OFF (2):

Control continues, even if an output read-back value error occurs or the current output circuit breaks down. In this case, a breakdown of the current output circuit should be judged based on the fact that proper control can no longer be performed or another system alarm or process alarm is issued.

· Diagnosis of the current output circuit

In current output circuit diagnosis, the current output value of the Y1 or Y3 terminal is read back to within the YS1000 to detect an error from a difference between the output value and read-back value.

There are cases where the read-back value does not agree with the output value temporarily due to the characteristics of a positioner, etc. connected to the Y1 or Y3 terminal or noise superimposed by the wiring condition, which results in the judgment that there is an error in the D/A conversion section.

However, temporary noise of this kind or low-level noise may not affect control and control may be continued normally. If an error occurs in the D/A conversion section, the cause may be one of the following three. Take action according to each cause.

	Possible Cause	Actions
(1)	Breakdown of the current	In this case, control is disabled from being continued.
	output circuit	The current output circuit has failed; contact us for repair.
(2)	A break in wire of Y1 or Y3	A wire of the Y1 or Y3 terminal has broken; check the wiring.
	terminal	This error may also occur if a terminal wire is disconnected during maintenance,
		transient work, etc.
(3)	Noise on Y1 or Y3 terminal	If control is affected, eliminate noise.
		If control is normal, control can be continued as is. This presents no problem.

# Backup Operation in the Event of Instrument Failure

#### Hard manual unit operation (except in cases when suffix code -2<sup>DD</sup> was specified)

Swinging up the front panel allows you to see the control section of the hard manual unit for backup (a manual operation output section consisting of analog circuits) on the internal panel.

If YS1000 is in FAIL status and there is an urgent demand situation, set the manipulated output variable (Y1 output) to the safe side using hard manual unit operation.



Note: Before you connect the cable to the YS110 connector, touch the metal lever to discharge static electricity.

- (1) Metal lever
- YS110 standby manual station connection connector (MANUAL STA)
- (3) Hard manual operation wheel (HARD MANUAL)
- (4) MV balance lamp (BAL)
- (5) Hard manual selector switch (ON/OFF)

# Hard Manual Operation Section

Figure 10.3

 Adjust the value output by the hard manual circuit using the hard manual operation wheel to match it to the Y1 output value (the control computation circuit's manipulated output variable) produced immediately before FAIL was displayed. The output value increases when the operation wheel is turned clockwise, while it decreases when turned counterclockwise.

1003E.ai

- When the hard manual circuit output value agrees with the Y1 output value, the MV balance lamp (BAL: green) lights up.
- When the hard manual selector switch is turned ON, the Y1 output value is shifted from the control computation circuit to the hard manual circuit while the Y1 output value continues to be generated. After that, output operation is available using the hard manual operation wheel.

#### Note .

The hard manual unit is only available for Y1 output operation.

#### **Online Controller Replacement**

Explosion hazard.



WARNING

Do not remove the internal unit from the instrument case. Contact YOKOGAWA's sales office or sales representative when replacing the internal unit, as safety standard inspection is required.



# WARNING

Do not remove or insert the internal unit or do not connect the YS110 in explosive atmospheres.

#### CAUTION

Products with optional code /FM or /CSA cannot satisfy the explosion protection standards if the internal unit is removed.

Use of the standby manual station allows the controller to be replaced without interrupting Y1 output in the event of internal unit failure, etc.

For YS110 standby manual station: see YS110 Standby Manual Station User's Manual.

#### **Recovery Operations after Power Failures**

If a power failure occurs that exceeds the power holdup time, the instrument enters power failure status. Operation after a power failure differs depending on the power failure time and on the start mode (START) engineering parameters that have been set. The following action occurs with the factory default values.

- For operation after power failure: see Chapter 6, Processing during Power Failures, in the YS1500 Indicating Controller/YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller User's Manual.
- Momentary power interruption of less than 2 seconds
   The instrument continues to operate the same as it had prior to the momentary power interruption.
- Power failure of 2 seconds or more The operation mode enters Manual, setpoints (SV) and parameters such as PID are maintained in the same condition as they were prior to the power failure, and the manipulated output variable becomes -6.3%.

If the self-tuning function is used, the PA1, IA1, and DA1 parameter values are initialized to the PB1, TI1, and TD1 values regardless of the start mode. This also holds true for the PA2, IA2, and DA2 parameters. Moreover, the parameters are initialized, so that CR1 and CR2 = 0, RT1 and RT2 = 1.0, LM1 and LM2 = 0, TM1 and TM2 = 0, and GM1 and GM2 = 0.

# List of Parameters

# **Understanding the List of Parameters**

Parameter:	Symbol displayed on YS1000's LCD
Name:	Parameter name
Setting and Display Range:	Range settable on YS1000
Unit:	Parameter unit. An oblique line represents that there is no unit.
Factory Default Value:	Factory default values for YS1500 (single-loop mode) and YS1700 (programmable mode)
	Values in parentheses indicate the initial value applied when the controller mode is changed.
Display and Setting Condition	ons for Controller Mode: R: Display only, R/W: Display and setting available, N/A: No display
	Description of symbols:
	SINGLE: Single-loop mode
	CAS: Cascade mode
	SELECT: Selector mode
	PROG: Programmable mode (YS1700 only)

For more information about each parameter, see the YS1500 Indicating Controller/ YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller User's Manual.

#### Note \_

Parameters are initialized if the controller mode selection (CTL) parameter is changed: All parameters will be initialized with the exception of setpoint 1 (SV1), setpoint 2 (SV2), user program name (PROG), system Rev. No. (REV), password, all parameters on the LCD Setting Display, and all parameters on the Communication Setting Display.

DID Sotting Display 1 /DID1/ <Tuning Parameters>

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	indenda i (rinci)								
		:	:	Factory Default Value	Displa	ay and Se for Contr	tting Condi oller Mode	ions	User
Parameter	Name	Setting and Display Range	Cuit	YS1500 YS1700 (SINGLE) (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	Set- tings
STC	STC mode	OFF: STC is not operating DISP: STC values displayed only ON: STC is operating ATSTUP: STC automatic start-up		OFF	Я	Я	Я	Я	
PV1	Process variable 1	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1)	Engineering unit	Undefined	R	R	Ъ	R	
SV1	Setpoint value 1	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1)	Engineering unit	0.0	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
MV1	Manipulated output variable 1 (Note 2)	-6.3 to 106.3	%	-6.3	ĸ	R	ĸ	ĸ	
DV1	Deviation variable 1	PV1-SV1	Engineering unit	Undefined	۲	Я	Ъ	к	
CSV1	Cascade setting value 1	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1)	Engineering unit	0.0	Я	Я	Я	N/A	
FF1	Feedforward input value 1	-100.0 to 200.0	%	0.0	Ж	Я	N/A	N/A	
LOAD	Current load factor for user program	0.0 to 2000.0	%	0:0	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ъ	
TRK1	Output tracking input value 1	-6.3 to 106.3	%	-6.3	۲	۲	ď	N/A	
LDMAX	Maximum load factor for user program	0.0 to 2000.0	%	0:0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R	
PB1	Proportional band 1	0.1 to 999.9	%	6.066	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
TI	Integral time 1	1 to 9999	s (second)	1000	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
TD1	Derivative time 1	0 to 9999 (0:OFF)	s (second)	0	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
SFA1	Adjustable setpoint filter $\alpha 1$	0.000 to 1.000		0.000	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
SFB1	Adjustable setpoing filter $\beta 1$	0.000 to 1.000		0.000	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
GW1	Non-linear control gap width 1	0.0 to 100.0	%	0.0	RW	RW	RW	RW	
GG1	Non-linear control gain 1	0.000 to 1.000		1.000	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
PH1	High limit alarm setpoint for PV1	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1) (Note 3)	Engineering unit	106.3	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
PL1	Low limit alarm setpoint for PV1	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1) (Note 4)	Engineering unit	-6.3	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
HH1	High-high limit alarm setpoint for PV1	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1) (Note 3)	Engineering unit	106.3	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
LL1	Low-low limit alarm setpoint for PV1	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1) (Note 4)	Engineering unit	-6.3	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
DL1	Alarm setpoint for deviation variable 1	Equivalent to 0.0 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1) (Note 4)	Engineering unit	0.0	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
VL1	Velocity alarm setpoint for PV1	Equivalent to 0.0 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1) (Note 4)	Engineering unit	0.0	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
VT1	Velocity alarm time setpoint for PV1	1 to 9999	s (second)	t	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
HYS1	Alarm hysteresis 1	Equivalent to 0.0 to 20.0% in the engineering unit (Note 1) (Note 6)	Engineering unit	2.0	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
MH1	High limit setpoint of MV1	-6.3 to 106.3 (Note 5)	%	106.3	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
ML1	Low limit setpoint of MV1	-6.3 to 106.3 (Note 5)	%	-6.3	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
MR1	Manual reset 1	-6.3 to 106.3	%	-6.3	RW	N/A	N/A	RW	
RB1	Reset bias 1	0.0 to 106.3	%	0.0	RW	RW	RW	RW	
PMV1	Preset output 1 (Note 7)	-6.3 to 106.3	%	-6.3	RW	RW	RW	RW	

Note 1: The engineering units set with the Engineering parameters, SCH1, SCL1, and SCDP1. Note 2: MV (Manipulated output variable) can be set only with the MV operation key at the bottom of the front panel. MV will be displayed when the controller mode is set to cascade or selector. Note 3: Alarm will not occur if set at a maximum value. Note 4: Alarm will not occur if set at a minimum value. Note 5: Be sure to set to MH1>ML1. In the cascade mode, MH1 and ML1 will be used as the setpoint for the loop 2. In the selector mode, MH1 and ML1 will be the same as MH2 and ML2. Note 6: The HYS1 setting is effective on all alarms of PH1, PL1, LL1, and DL1. Note 6: The HYS1 setting is effective on all alarms of PH1, PL1, LL1, and DL1.

PID Settin	g Display 2 (PID2)	_								
Doromotor	Mama	Cotting and Disclard Barray	:: - -	Factory De	fault Value	Display	/ and Setti or Control	ng Condit ler Mode	ons	User Sot
Parameter	Name	setting and Display Kange		YS1500 (SINGLE)	YS1700 (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS 3	SELECT	PROG	set- tings
STC	STC mode	OFF: STC is not operating DISP: STC values displayed only ON: STC is operating ATSTUP: STC automatic start-up			OFF	N/A	ĸ	ĸ	£	
PV2	Process variable 2	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1)	Engineering unit	/	Undefined	N/A	۲	۲	۲	
SV2	Setpoint value 2	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1)	Engineering unit	/	0.0	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
MV2	Manipulated output variable 2 (Note 2)	-6.3 to 106.3	%	/	-6.3	N/A	Я	Я	Ж	
DV2	Deviation variable 2	PV2-SV2	Engineering unit	/	Undefined	N/A	R	R	۲	
CSV2	Cascade setting value 2	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1)	Engineering unit	/	Undefined	N/A	N/A	ъ	N/A	
MSS	Selector control switch	AUT: Automatic selection as in the setting of the engineering parameter "ATSEL" 1: Loop 1 output, 2: Loop 2 output		(AUT)	(AUT)	N/A	N/A	RW	N/A	
PB2	Proportional band 2	0.1 to 999.9	%	/	999.9	N/A	RW	RW	RW	
TI2	Integral time 2	1 to 9999	s (second)	/	1000	N/A	RW	RM	RW	
TD2	Derivative time 2	0 to 9999(0: OFF)	s (second)	/	0	N/A	RW	RM	RW	
SFA2	Adjustable setpoint filter α2	0.000 to 1.000		/	0.000	N/A	RW	RW	RW	
SFB2	Adjustable setpoint filter β2	0.000 to 1.000			0.000	N/A	RW	RW	RW	
GW2	Non-linear control gap width 2	0.0 to 100.0	%	/	0.0	N/A	RW	RW	RW	
GG2	Non-linear control gain 2	0.000 to 1.000			1.000	N/A	RW	RW	RW	
PH2	High limit alarm setpoint for PV2	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1) (Note 3)	Engineering unit	/	106.3	N/A	RW	R/W	RW	
PL2	Low limit alarm setpoint for PV2	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1) (Note 4)	Engineering unit	/	-6.3	N/A	RW	R/W	RW	
HH2	High-high limit alarm setpoint for PV2	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1) (Note 3)	Engineering unit	/	106.3	N/A	RW	R/W	RW	
LL2	Low-low limit alarm setpoint for PV2	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1) (Note 4)	Engineering unit	/	-6.3	N/A	RW	R/W	RW	
DL2	Alarm setpoint for deviation variable 2	Equivalent to 0.0 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1) (Note 4)	Engineering unit	/	0.0	N/A	RW	RW	RW	
VL2	Velocity alarm setpoint for PV2	Equivalent to 0.0 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1) (Note 4)	Engineering unit	/	0.0	N/A	RW	R/W	RW	
VT2	Velocity alarm time setpoint for PV2	1 to 9999	s (second)	/	-	N/A	RW	R/W	RW	
HYS2	Alarm hysteresis 2	Equivalent to 0.0 to 20.0% in the engineering unit (Note 1) (Note 6)	Engineering unit	/	2.0	N/A	RW	R/W	RW	
MH2	High limit setpoint of MV2	-6.3 to 106.3 (Note 5)	%	/	106.3	N/A	RW	۲	RW	
ML2	Low limit setpoint of MV2	-6.3 to 106.3 (Note 5)	%	/	-6.3	N/A	RW	Я	RW	
MR2	Manual reset 2	-6.3 to 106.3	%	/	-6.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	RW	
RB2	Reset bias 2	0.0 to 106.3	%	/	0.0	N/A	RW	R/W	RW	
PMV2	Preset output 2	-6.3 to 106.3	%	/	-6.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	RW	
Note Note Note	<ul> <li>1: The engineering units set with the Engine 2: MV (Manipulated output variable) can be 3: Alarr will not occur if set at a maximum set. Bo curre to each AMPO-MI 2 in the solution of the analysis.</li> </ul>	neering parameters, SCH2, SCL2, and SCDP2. the set only with the MV operation key at the bottom of the front panel. MV will be avalue.	displayed when th	e controller i	mode is set i	to cascade	or selecto	<u>.</u>		
Note *The	e 6: The HYS2 setting is effective on all alar e values in () of YS1500/1700 factory defau	con mode, win 2 and win 2 and DL2. ms of PH2, PL2, HH2, LL2, and DL2. Ift values mean the initial values when the controller mode is changed to the sele	ctor mode.							

# List of Parameters

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SIC Setti	ng Display 1 (SIC1)								
	Mana	Constraints (Constraints)	1 1 1	Factory Default Value	Displa	y and Sett or Contro	ing Condit Iler Mode	ions	User
Parameter	Name	setting and Display Kange		YS1500 YS1700 (SINGLE) (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	set- tings
PV1	Process variable 1	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1)	Engineering Unit	Undefined	Я	Я	ъ	к	
SV1	Setpoint value 1	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1)	Engineering Unit	0.0	RW	RM	RW	R/W	
MV1	Manipulated output variable 1 (Note 2)	-6.3 to 106.3	%	-6.3	۲	۲	۲	ш	
STC	STC mode selection	OFF: STC is not operating DISP: STC values displayed only ON: STC is operating ATSTUP: STC automatic start-up (Note 3)		OFF	RW	RM	RW	R/W	
8	On-demand tuning start	OFF, ON		OFF	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
PB1	Proportional band 1	0.1 to 999.9	%	999.9	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
TI1	Integral time 1	1 to 9999	s (second)	1000	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
TD1	Derivative time 1	0 to 9999(0: OFF)	s (second)	0	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
IP1	Process type 1	STATIC: Static process DYNAM: Astatic process (with integral characteristics)		STATIC	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
TR1	Process response time 1	4 to 9999	s (second)	300	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
NB1	Noise band 1	Equivalent to 0.0 to 20.0% in the engineering unit (Note 1)	Engineering Unit	0.0	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
OS1	Control target type 1	ZERO: Overshoot zero MIN: Overshoot Small (About 5%) Settling time: Short MED: Overshoot (About 10%) Rise time: Medium-fast MAX: Overshoot (About 15%) Rise time: Fast		MED	RW	RW	RW	R/W	
MI1	MV applied signal span 1	0.0 to 20.0	%	5.0	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
PMX1	High limit setpoint of proportional band 1	2.0 to 999.9	%	999.9	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
PMN1	Low limit setpoint of proportional band 1	2.0 to 999.9	%	2.0	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
IMX1	High limit setpoint of integral time 1	1 to 9999	s (second)	9999	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
IMN1	Low limit setpoint of integral time	1 to 9999	s (second)	1	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
DMX1	High limit setpoint of derivative time 1	0 to 9999	s (second)	2000	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
PA1	Calculated proportional band 1	2.0 to 999.9	%	999.9	Ъ	Я	Я	Я	
IA1	Calculated integral time 1	1 to 9999	s (second)	1000	۲	۲	۲	۲	
DA1	Calculated derivative time 1	0 to 9999	s (second)	0	۲	۲	۲	Ľ	
CR1	Presumed accuracy error 1	0.00 to 99.99	%	0.00	۲	۲	۲	Ľ	
RT1	Signal distribution ratio 1	0.000 to 9.999	/	1.000	۲	۲	۲	۲	
LM1	Equivalent dead time 1	0 to 9999	s (second)	0	۲	۲	۲	۲	
TM1	Equivalent lag time 1	0 to 9999	s (second)	0	۲	۲	۲	Ľ	
GM1	Equivalent process gain 1	0.000 to 9.999		0.000	۲	с	с	∝	

Note 1: The engineering units set with the Engineering parameters, SCH1, SCL1, and SCDP1. Note 2: MV (Manipulated output variable) can be set only with the MV operation key at the bottom of the front panel. MV will be displayed when the controller mode is set to cascade or selector. Note 3: ATSTUP can not be set if the controller mode is set to the selector or the selector control used in the programmable mode.

STC Setti	ng Display 2 (STC2)									
			7	Factory De	fault Value	Display	/ and Setti or Control	ing Condit Ier Mode	ons	User
rarameter	Name	setting and Display Kange		YS1500 (SINGLE)	YS1700 (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	Set- tings
PV2	Process variable 2	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1)	Engineering Unit		Undefined	N/A	Я	Я	Ж	
SV2	Setpoint value 2	Equivalent to -6.3 to 106.3% in the engineering unit (Note 1)	Engineering Unit	/	0.0	N/A	RM	RW	R/W	
MV2	Manipulated output variable 2 (Note 2)	-6.3 to 106.3	%		-6.3	N/A	Я	Я	Ж	
STC	STC mode selection	OFF: STC is not operating DISP: STC values displayed only ON: STC is operating ATSTUP: STC automatic start-up (Note 3)			OFF	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
8	On-demand tuning start	OFF, ON			OFF	N/A	RW	RW	RW	
PB2	Proportional band 2	0.1 to 999.9	%		6.666	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
TI2	Integral time 2	1 to 9999	s (second)		1000	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
TD2	Derivative time 2	0 to 9999 (0: OFF)	s (second)		0	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
IP2	Process type 2	STATIC: Static process DYNAM: Astatic process (with integral characteristics)			STATIC	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
TR2	Process response time 2	4 to 9999	s (second)	/	300	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
NB2	Noise band 2	Equivalent to 0.0 to 20.0% in the engineering unit (Note 1)	Engineering Unit		0.0	N/A	RW	RW	RW	
OS2	Control target type 2	ZERO: Overshoot zero MIN: Overshoot Small (About 5%) Settling time: Short MED: Overshoot. (About 10%) Rise time: Medium-fast MAX: Overshoot: (About 15%) Rise time: Fast			MED	N/A	RW	RW	RW	
MI2	MV applied signal span 2	0.0 to 20.0	%	/	5.0	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
PMX2	High limit setpoint of proportional band 2	2.0 to 999.9	%		6.666	N/A	RW	RW	RW	
PMN2	Low limit setpoint of proportional band 2	2.0 to 999.9	%		2.0	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
IMX2	High limit setpoint of integral time 2	1 to 9999	s (second)	/	6666	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
IMN2	Low limit setpoint of integral time 2	1 to 9999	s (second)		+	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
DMX2	High limit setpoint of derivative time 2	0 to 9999	s (second)		2000	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
PA2	Calculated proportional band 2	2.0 to 999.9	%	/	6.666	N/A	۲	R	£	
IA2	Calculated integral time 2	1 to 9999	s (second)		1000	N/A	Я	Я	Я	
DA2	Calculated derivative time 2	0 to 9999	s (second)		0	N/A	۲	R	œ	
CR2	Presumed accuracy error 2	0.00 to 99.99	%		0.00	N/A	۲	æ	œ	
RT2	Signal distribution ratio 2	0.000 to 9.999			1.000	N/A	۲	R	۲	
LM2	Equivalent dead time 2	0 to 9999	s (second)	/	0	N/A	۲	R	Я	
TM2	Equivalent lag time 2	0 to 9999	s (second)		0	N/A	۲	R	с	
GM2	Equivalent process gain 2	0.000 to 9.999			0.000	N/A	۲	۲	۲	
Not Not	<ul> <li>1: The engineering units set with the Engi 2: MV (Manipulated output variable) can t 3 3: ATSTUP can not be set if the controller</li> </ul>	neering parameters, SCH2, SCL2, and SCDP2. De set only with the MV operation key at the bottom of the front panel. MV will be mode is set to the selector mode or the selector control module is being used in	displayed when th the programmable	e controller è mode.	mode is set i	o cascade	or selecto	÷		

# List of Parameters

	User	tings																														
	suon	PROG	R/W	R/W	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW									
ine Casi	lier Mode	SELECT	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A									
He C Pare	y and seu for Contro	CAS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A									
- Claroi C	nispia	SINGLE	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A									
	ault Value	YS1700 (PROG)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	actory Defi	YS1500 SINGLE)		/	/	/	/	/	7	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	±																															/
														E			2	_														
	Softing and Disolar Dance	setting and uisplay range												Internal value (User program) = Maximum and Minimum value which c	expressed by floating point numbers.	When this range is exceeded, *' is displayed.	The sould are independent of the south on the south of th		Factory default settings for scale and decimal point position	Scale high limit: 1000 (100.0 on the display) Scale low limit: 00 /0 0 on the display)	Decimal point position: 1											
	Mamo Saffina and Disalar, Danas	Name Setting and Display Kange	Variable parameter 1	Variable parameter 2	Variable parameter 3	Variable parameter 4	Variable parameter 5	Variable parameter 6	Variable parameter 7	Variable parameter 8	Variable parameter 9	Variable parameter 10	Variable parameter 11	Variable parameter 12 Internal value (User program) = Maximum and Minimum value which compared to the second secon	Variable parameter 13 expressed by floating point numbers.	Variable parameter 14 When this range is exceeded, **' is displayed.	Variable parameter 15	Variable parameter 16	Variable parameter 17 Factory default settings for scale and decimal point position	Variable parameter 18 Scale high limit: 1000 (100.0 on the display) Scale how limit: 00 /0 0 on the display)	Variable parameter 19 Decimal point position: 1	Variable parameter 20	Variable parameter 21	Variable parameter 22	Variable parameter 23	Variable parameter 24	Variable parameter 25	Variable parameter 26	Variable parameter 27	Variable parameter 28	Variable parameter 29	Moriable recements 20
splay (P&T REG 2/3)					Dienla	v and Soft	ina Condi	ione																								
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	Setting and Display Range	Duit	Factory Def	ault Value		y and sen or Contro	lier Mode	suoi	User Set-																							
			YS1500 (SINGLE)	YS1700 (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	tings																							
		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Я																								
			/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	ч																								
		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ъ																								
		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ъ																								
		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ж																								
		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	к																								
		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ъ																								
		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	ĸ																								
		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	æ																								
0			/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	æ																								
Ξ			/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	æ																								
12				0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	ď																								
13		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	ĸ																								
14	Internal value (User program) = Maximum and Minimum value which can be	/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	к																								
15	Setting and display range = -99999 to 99999		/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Я																								
16	When this range is exceeded, ** is displayed.		/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Я																								
17	Each T register is set by user program	/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	ч																								
18		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	к																								
19		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ъ																								
- 20			/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	۲																								
ır 21		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Я																								
ır 22		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ж																								
r 23			/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	۲																								
r 24		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Я																								
r 25		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	ĸ																								
- 26		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	к																								
r 27		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Я																								
r 28		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Я																								
r 29			/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ж																								
0				0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ľ																								

	User	tings																														
	litions	PROG	Ж	Я	۲	Я	Ж	Ъ	Я	Я	Я	Я	Я	ĸ	Ъ	Я	Я	Я	Ъ	Я	Я	Я	Я	Я	Я	Я	Ж	Я	Я	ĸ	۲	R
	tting Cond oller Mode	SELECT	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A													
	ay and Set for Contro	CAS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A													
	Displ	SINGLE	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A													
	ault Value	YS1700 (PROG)	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
	actory Defa	/S1500 SINGLE)	7	/	/	/	7	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/		/
	±u Tu						/	/			/				/				/		/		/				/	/				
	Softing and Diselay Bando	setung and Dispiral Kange														Internal value (User program) = Maximum and Minimum value which can b	Setting and display range = -99999 to 99999	When this range is exceeded, "*' is displayed.	Each T redister is set by user program	- - -												
ter uispiay (P&I REG 3/3)	Namo	NALLIG	Temporary memory register 31	Temporary memory register 32	Temporary memory register 33	Temporary memory register 34	Temporary memory register 35	Temporary memory register 36	Temporary memory register 37	Temporary memory register 38	Temporary memory register 39	Temporary memory register 40	Temporary memory register 41	Temporary memory register 42	Temporary memory register 43	Temporary memory register 44	Temporary memory register 45	Temporary memory register 46	Temporary memory register 47	Temporary memory register 48	Temporary memory register 49	Temporary memory register 50	Temporary memory register 51	Temporary memory register 52	Temporary memory register 53	Temporary memory register 54	Temporary memory register 55	Temporary memory register 56	Temporary memory register 57	Temporary memory register 58	Temporary memory register 59	Temporary memory register 60
i regi	amotor	Iameter																														

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Paramete	<pre>hr Setting Display (PARAMETER)</pre>									
	-		2	Factory De	fault Value	Displa	y and Sett or Contro	ing Condit ller Mode	suo	User
Parameter	Name	Setting and Display Kange		YS1500 (SINGLE)	YS1700 (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	tings
PLC1	Square root extraction low cutoff setpoint for PV1	0.0 to 100.0	%	1.0	/	RW	RW	RW	N/A	
PLG1	First order lag time constant for PV1	0.0 to 800.0	s (second)	0.0	/	RW	RM	RW	N/A	
CLC1	Square root extraction low cutoff setpoint for CSV1	0.0 to 100.0	%	1.0	/	RW	RM	RW	N/A	
CLG1	First order lag time constant for CSV1	0.0 to 800.0	s (second)	0.0	/	RW	RM	RW	N/A	
CGN1	Ratio gain for CSV1	-8.000 to 8.000		1.000	/	RW	RW	RW	N/A	
CBI1	Ratio input bias for CSV1	-106.3 to 106.3	%	0.0	/	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
CB01	Ratio output bias for CSV1	-800.0 to 800.0	%	0.0	/	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
FLG	Feedforward lag time constant	0.0 to 800.0	s (second)	0.0	/	RW	R/W	N/A	N/A	
FGN	Feedforward gain	-8.000 to 8.000		0.000	/	RW	R/W	N/A	N/A	
FBI	Feedforward input bias	-106.3 to 106.3	%	0.0	/	RW	R/W	N/A	N/A	
FBO	Feedforward output bias	-800.0 to 800.0	%	0.0	/	RW	R/W	N/A	N/A	
TLG	Tracking input lag time constant	0.0 to 800.0	s (second)	0.0	/	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
PLC2	Square root extraction low cutoff setpoint for PV2	0.0 to 100.0	%	(1.0)	/	N/A	R/W	RW	N/A	
PLG2	First order lag time constant of PV2	0.0 to 800.0	s (second)	(0.0)	/	N/A	R/W	RW	N/A	
CLC2	Square root extraction low cutoff setpoint for CSV2	0.0 to 100.0	%	(1.0)	/	N/A	N/A	RW	N/A	
CLG2	First order lag time constant for CSV2	0.0 to 800.0	s (second)	(0.0)	/	N/A	N/A	RW	N/A	
<b>CGN2</b>	Ratio gain for CSV2	-8.000 to 8.000		(1.000)	/	N/A	N/A	RW	N/A	
CBI2	Ratio input bias for CSV2	-106.3 to 106.3	%	(0.0)	/	N/A	N/A	RW	N/A	
CBO2	Ratio output bias for CSV2	-800.0 to 800.0	%	(0.0)	/	N/A	N/A	RW	N/A	

\*The values in () of YS1500 factory default values mean the initial values when the Controller mode is changed to the Selector/Cascade mode.

	Factory Default Value Display and Setting Conditions User	Unit YS1500 YS1700 SINGLE CAS SELECT PROG tings (SINGLE) (PROG)	% -25.0 R R R R	% -25.0 R R R R	% -25.0 R R R R	% -25.0 R R R R	% -20.0 R R R R	% -6.3 R R R R	% -6.3 R R R R	% -6.3 R R R R	% -6.3 N/A N/A R	%	о Я Я Я	о К К К К	о Я Я Я	о Я Я	о К К К	0 R R R	0 R R R	о К К К К К	0 R R R	0 R R R R	0 N/A N/A R	0 NA NA NA R	0 N/A N/A R	0 N/A N/A R	0 NIA NIA R	0 N/A N/A R	dala mode				
		Setting and Display Range					0.621 01 0.62-				-20.0 to 106.3			6.3 to 106.3											- 6								tasic ture with evendable I/O and it is alwave disclaved in the m
Output Data Display (I/O Data)	:	Name	Analog input 1	Analog input 2	Analog input 3	Analog input 4	Analog input 5/Direct input signal output	Analog input 6 (Note 1)	Analog input 7 (Note 1)	Analog input 8 (Note 1)	Analog output 1	Analog output 2	Analog output 3	Analog output 4 (Note 1)	Analog output 5 (Note 2)	Analog output 6 (Note 2)	Digital input 1/Digital output 1	Digital input 2/Digital output 2	Digital input 3/Digital output 3	Digital input 4/Digital output 4	Digital input 5/Digital output 5	Digital input 6/Digital output 6	Digital input 7/Digital output 7 (Note 1)	Digital input 8/Digital output 8 (Note 1)	Digital input 9/Digital output 9 (Note 1)	Digital input 10/Digital output 10 (Note 1)	Digital output 11	Digital output 12	Digital output 13	Digital output 14	Digital output 15	Digital output 16	G OVER STATES A State of States of S
Input and		Parameter	X	×	X3	X4	X5	X6	X7	X8	4	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	<u>у</u> 6	DI01 DO01	DI02 DO02	DI03 DO03	DI04 D004	DI05 DO05	DI06 DO06	DI07 DO07	DI08 DO08	DI09 DO09	DI10 DO10	D011	D012	D013	D014	D015	D016	

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If yo	vu change the controller mode (CTL), eac	ch parameter will be initialized.							
	Manad	O anticas and Diracias Decen	1 1	Factory Default Value	Displa 1	iy and Setti for Control	ing Condit ler Mode	ons	Jser
rarameter	Name	setting and Lispiay Kange		YS1500 YS1700 (SINGLE) (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	set- ings
SET	Enable/Disable setting	INHB: Setting impossible ENBL: Setting possible (Note1)	4	INHB	RW	RM	RW	R/W	
СП	Controller mode selection	PROG: Programmable mode (Note 2) SINGLE: Single-loop mode CAS: Cascade mode SELECT: Selector mode		SINGLE PROG	RW	RM	RW	RW	
START	Start mode	AUT: HOT start M-COLD: Power failure duration-2 sec.; HOT Start, Power failure duration-2 sec.; M-COLD start A-COLD: Power failure duration-2 sec.; HOT Start, Power failure duration-2 sec.; A-COLD start C-COLD: Power failure duration-2 sec.; HOT Start, Power failure duration-2 sec.; C-COLD start COLD: Power failure duration-2 sec.; HOT Start, Power failure duration-2 sec.; COLD start		M-COLD	N.N.	RW	RŴ	RŇ	
CYCL	Control cycle	200 ms, 100 ms, 50 ms		200 ms	N/A	N/A	N/A	۲	
ATSEL	Autoselector selection	LOW: Lower output value, HIGH: Higher output value		(TOW) (LOW)	N/A	N/A	RW	R/W	
FDSP	Power-on initial display	LOOP1: LOOP 1 Display, LOOP2: LOOP 2 Display, MIT1: METER 1 Display, MTR2: METER 2 Display, TRND1: TREND1 Display, TRND2: TREND2 Display, TRND3: TREND 3 Display, ALARM: ALARM Display, DUAL1: DUAL 1 Display, DUAL2: DUAL 2 Display		LOOP1	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
LOOP1	LOOP 1 Display ON/OFF			NO	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
LOOP2	LOOP 2 Display ON/OFF			NO	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
MTR1	METER 1 Display ON/OFF			NO	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
MTR2	METER 2 Display ON/OFF			NO	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
TRND1	TREND 1 Display ON/OFF			ON ON	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
TRND2	TREND 2 Display ON/OFF			NO	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
TRND3	TREND 3 Display ON/OFF			ON ON	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
ALARM	ALARM Display ON/OFF			0N NO	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
DUAL1	DUAL 1 Display ON/OFF			NO	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
DUAL2	DUAL 2 Display ON/OFF			NO	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
CAMLK	Keylock for C/A/M mode change			UNLOCK	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
SVLK	Keylock for SV change	UNLOCK, LOCK		UNLOCK	RW	RW	RW	RW	
MVLK	Keylock for MV change			UNLOCK	RM	RW	RW	RW	
SCOCD	Selection of Current Output Circuit Diagnosis	FAIL: D/A FALL in the event of an error, ALARM: OOP ALARM in the event of an error, OFF: No diagnosis		ALARM	RW	RW	RW	R/W	
<b>УЗТР</b>	Analog output 3 current/voltage switching	4-20mA, 1-5V		1-5V	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
Y2S	Analog output 2 selection	OFF: None, PV1: Process variable 1, SV1: Setpoint value 1, PV2: Process variable 2, SV2:		MV	RW	RM	RW	N/A	
Y3S	Analog output 3 selection	Setpoint value 2, MV: Manipulated output variable, X1: Analog input 1, X2: Analog input 2, X8: Analog input 3 X4: Analog input 4 X5: Analog input 5 X6: Analog input 6 (Note 4) X7: Analog		SV1 SV1	RW	RM	RW	N/A	
Y4S	Analog output 4 selection (Note 4)	input 7 (Note 4), X8: Analog input 8 (Note 4)	4	/	RW	RM	RW	N/A	
PROG	User program name	Alphanumeric character 8 digits (set by YSS1000)			N/A	N/A	N/A	Ж	
REV	System revision number	Style number and Revision number of the product		SX.XX	Ľ	۲	۲	۲	
MCU	Main CPU version number	Main CPU version number		RX.XX.XX	۲	Я	Я	Ж	
DCU	Display CPU version number	Display CPU version number		RX.XX.XX	Ъ	Я	Я	Я	
PARA	MCU parameter version number	MCU parameter version number		RX.XX.XX	Ъ	Я	Я	Ж	
COMP	Compile version number	Compile version number		RX.XX	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ľ	
Note Note Note	e 1: When the SET parameter is set to "E e 2: "PROG" (User program name) is disj e 3: Loop1 is always displayed even if yo e 4: This value is displayed only on YS17,	NBL", [STOP] will appear on the right of the display title, and the manipulated output and a played only on YS1700. u set "OFF" for all lines. When you do not use TRND3, set it to "OFF". 00 Basic type with expandable I/O.	alarm output	will be kept.					
ШI.	e values in () of YSTDUU/1 / UU tactory dei	ault values mean the initial values when the controller mode is changed to the selector/cas	ascade moue						

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<Engineering Parameters>

Configura	tion Display 2 (CONFIG2)									
		-		Factory Defe	ult Value	Displa	y and Set or Contro	ting Condit Iler Mode	ions	User
Parameter	Name	Setting and Display Range	Onit	YS1500 (SINGLE)	YS1700 (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	Set- tings
SET	Enable/Disable setting	INHB: Setting impossible ENBL: Setting possible (Note1)		IHNI		RW	RM	RW	RW	
CMOD1	C-mode 1	-: None, CAS: Analog cascade setting mode, CMP: Computer cascade setting mode				RW	RM	RW	R/W	
BMOD1	Backup mode 1	BUM: Manual operation backup mode, BUA: Automatic operation backup mode		BUN	4	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
CNT1	Control type 1	PID: Standard PID (Note 2), S-PI: Sample-and-hold PI control (Note 2), BATCH: Batch PID control (Note 2), PD: Proportional (PD) control (Note 2)		DIA		RW	R/W	RW	RW	
ALG1	Control operation formula 1	I-PD: PV proportional type PID, PI-D: PV derivative type PID, SVF: Adjustable setpoint filter		1-PC		RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
ACT1	Control operation direction 1	RVS: Reverse action DIR: Direct action		RVS		RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
VDIR1	Valve direction 1	C-O: MV 0%=Close, 100%=Open, O-C: MV 0%=Open, 100%=Close		C-C		RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
SCH1	100% value of scale 1	-80000 to 80000		1000		RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
SCL1	0% value of scale 1	-80000 to 80000		0		RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
SCDP1	Decimal point position 1	######, ######.#, ####.##, ######, #:#####		##	#	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
SCDV1	Scale division 1	1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 10, 14, 20	/	10		RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
UNIT1	Engineering unit 1	Alphanumeric character 7 digits		%		RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
TAG1	Tag number 1	Alphanumeric character 12 digits		YS1500	YS1700	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
CMOD2	C-mode 2	-: None, CAS: Analog cascade setting mode, CMP: Computer cascade setting mode				N/A	N/A	RW	RW	
BMOD2	Backup mode 2	BUM: Manual operation backup, BUA: Automatic operation backup			BUM	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
CNT2	Control type 2	PID: Standard PID (Note 2), S-PI: Sample-and-hold PI control (Note 2), BATCH: Batch PID control (Note 2), PD: Proportional (PD) control (Note 2)			DID	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
ALG2	Control operation formula 2	I-PD: PV proportional type PID, PI-D: PV derivative type PID, SVF: Adjustable setpoint filter		/	Dq-I	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
ACT2	Control operation direction 2	RVS: Reverse action DIR: Direct action	/	/	RVS	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
VDIR2	Valve direction 2	C-O: MV 0%=Close, 100%=Open, O-C: MV 0%=Open, 100%=Close			0-0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
SCH2	100% value of scale 2	-80000 to 80000		/	1000	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
SCL2	0% value of scale 2	-80000 to 80000		/	0	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
SCDP2	Decimal point position 2	#######; ######.#; ####.###; ###?####; #.######	/	/	#"####	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
SCDV2	Scale division 2	1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 10, 14, 20			10	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
UNIT2	Engineering unit 2	Alphanumeric character 7 digits		/	%	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
TAG2	Tag number 2	Alphanumeric character 12 digits		/	YS1700	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
Not <sub>é</sub> Noté	e 1:When the SET parameter is set to > 2:In the single-loop mode, "PID", "S. mode.	o "ENBL", [STOP] will appear on the right of the display title, and the manipulated output a -PI" or "PD" is available for setting. In the cascade mode, "PID" or "S-PI" is available for se	ind alarm ou etting. In th∈	itput will be kep selector mode	ıt. , "PID" is ava	ailable for s	setting. "B	ATCH" is fo	or programi	nable
	Be sure to set the ALG1 and ALG;	2 (Control operation formula 1, 2) to "PI-D". The same settings should be done to each co	introl modul	e (basic/casca	de/selector c	ontrol) use	d in the p	rogrammak	ole mode.	

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Configura	tion Display 3 (CONFIG3)									
	Mana		711	Factory Det	fault Value	Displa	ay and Set for Contro	tting Condi oller Mode	ions	User
Parameter	Name	setting and Display Kange		YS1500 (SINGLE)	YS1700 (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	set- tings
SET	Enable/Disable setting	INHB: Setting impossible ENBL: Setting possible (Note1)	/	INHB	/	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
РЕКЕУ	Selection of PF key function	-: None, STC: Self tuning			/	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
TRKSW	Selection of tracking function	-: None SVTRK: SV tracking, PVTRK: PV tracking				RW	N/A	N/A	N/A	
PSR1	Square root extraction for PV1			OFF	/	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
FX1	10-segment linearizer function for PV1			OFF	/	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
CSR1	Square root extraction for CSV			OFF		RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
CSW1	Ratio operation for CSV1			OFF		RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
FSW	Feedforward gain operation			OFF		RW	R/W	N/A	N/A	
PON	Addition of feedforward output			OFF	/	RW	R/W	N/A	N/A	
PSR2	Square root extraction for PV2			(OFF)		N/A	R/W	RW	N/A	
FX2	10-segment linearizer function for PV2	I OFF, ON		(OFF)		N/A	R/W	RW	N/A	
CSR2	Square root extraction for CSV2			(OFF)		N/A	N/A	RW	N/A	
CSW2	Ratio operation for CSV2			(OFF)	$\left \right $	N/A	N/A	RW	N/A	
Not *Thr *Thr *Thr *Thr	e 1: When the SET parameter is set to "EN e values in () of YS1500 factory default val <b>cification Setting Display (SC</b> I . Chapter 5, Adjustment of Direct Inputs (T	NBL.", [STOP] will appear on the right of the display title, and the manipulated output ano lues mean the initial values when the controller mode is changed to the selector/cascad MAINT) imperature/Resistance/Frequency), in the YS1500 Indicating Controller/YS1700 Progr	d alarm outpu de mode rammable Inc	t will be kept licating Cont	t. troller User's	s Manual.				
<b>Password</b> See	I Setting Display (PASSWORD 4.2.2, Inhibiting/Enabling Parameter Cha	) inge, in the YS1500 Indicating Controller/ YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller L	User's Manua	.le						
Sample &	Batch Setting Display (SMPL	& BATCH)/Sample Setting Display (SMPL)							,	
	:		:	Factory Det	fault Value	Displa	ay and Set for Contro	tting Condi oller Mode	ions	User
Parameter	Name	setting and Display Kange	DUIL	YS1500 (SINGLE)	YS1700 (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	set- tings
STM1	Sample PI sampled time 1	0 to 9999	s (second)	0	0	RW	R/W	N/A	R/W	
SWD1	Sample-and-hold PI control time span 1	0 to 9999	s (second)	0	0	RW	RM	N/A	R/W	
BD1	Batch PID deviation setting value 1	0.0 to 100.0	%	/	0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
BB1	Batch PID bias 1	0.0 to 100.0	%	/	0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
BL1	Batch PID lock-up width 1	0.0 to 100.0	%		0.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
STM2	Sample PI sampled time 2	0 to 9999	s (second)	/	0	N/A	R/W	N/A	R/W	
SWD2	Sample-and-hold PI control time span 2	0 to 9999	s (second)		0	N/A	R/W	N/A	RW	

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BD2 BB2 BL2

0.0 to 100.0 0.0 to 100.0 0.0 to 100.0

Batch PID deviation setting value 2 Batch PID bias 2 Batch PID lock-up width 2

RW WN

N/A N/A N/A

N/A N/A N/A

N/A N/A N/A

0.0 0.0

% % %

Setting Di	isplay for Operation Display (D	ISPLAY)							
			1	Factory Default Value	Displa	ay and Set for Contro	ting Condi Iler Mode	ions	User
rarameter	Name	setting and Display Kange		YS1500 YS1700 (SINGLE) (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	set- tings
SET	Enable/Disable setting	INHB: Setting impossible ENBL: Setting possible (Note1)	/	INHB	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
LP1C	LOOP 1 color selection		/	GREEN	RW	RW	RW	R/W	
LP2C	LOOP 2 color selection	GREEN, AQUA, TINK, UNANGE	/		N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
BKCL	Background color selection	BLACK, WHITE, BLUE	/	BLACK	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
MTMG1	10-exponetial scale factor for METER 1 Display			AUTO	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
MTMG2	10-exponetial scale factor for METER 2 Display			AUTO	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
<b>TR1PV</b>	PV1 trend ON/OFF for TREND 1 Display		/	NO	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
TR1SV	SV1 trend ON/OFF for TREND 1 Display			NO	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
TR1MV	MV1 trend ON/OFF for TREND 1 Display			OFF	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
TR2PV	PV2 trend ON/OFF for TREND 2 Display			NO	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
<b>TR2SV</b>	SV2 trend ON/OFF for TREND 2 Display			NO	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
TR2MV	MV2 trend ON/OFF for TREND 2 Display		$\square$	OFF	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
TRDS1	Data selection 1 for TREND 3 Display	OFF: None, PV1: Process variable 1, SV1: Setpoint value 1, MV1: Manipulated output		PV1	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
TRDS2	Data selection 2 for TREND 3 Display	variable 1, PV2: Process variable 2, SV2: Setpoint value 2, MV2: Manipulated output Variable 2 X1: Analon input 1 X2: Analon input 2 X3: Analon input 3 X4: Analon input 4	/	SV1	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
TRDS3	Data selection 3 for TREND 3 Display	X5: Analog input 5, X6: Analog input 6 (Note 2), X7: Analog input 7 (Note 2), X8: Analog		MV1	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
TRDS4	Data selection 4 for TREND 3 Display	input 8 (Note 2) Y1: Analog output 1, Y2: Analog output 2, Y3: Analog output 3, Y4: Analog output 4 (Note 2)		OFF	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
TRDT1	TREND 1 Display time span		/	1M	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
TRDT2	TREND 2 Display time span	] 1M: 1min., 5M: 5min., 10M: 10min., 30M: 30min., 1H: 1hour, 5H: 5hours, 10H: 10hours, 1 30H: 30Hours	/	1M	N/A	R/W	RW	R/W	
TRDT3	TREND 3 Display time span		/	1M	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
TR3DV	Scale division for TREND3 Display	1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 10, 14, 20	/	10	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
ACTD1	Active color display selection 1	OFF: None, PH1: High limit alarm for PV1 PL1: Low limit alarm for PV1, HH1: High-high limit alarm for PV1, LL1: Low-low limit alarm for PV1, DL1: Alarm for deviation variable 1, VL1: Velocity alarm for PV1, DL1 VL1: Alarm for deviation variable 1/ Velocity alarm for PV1, 1-ALM: OR for all alarms of the loop 1		OFF	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
ACTD2	Active color display selection 2	OFF: None, PH2: High limit alarm for PV2 PL2: Low limit alarm for PV2, HH2: High-high limit alarm for PV2, LL2: Low-low limit alarm for PV2, DL2: Alarm for deviation variable 2, VL2: Velocity alarm for PV2, DL2 VL2: Alarm for deviation variable 2/ Velocity alarm for PV2, 2-ALM: OR for all alarms of the loop 2		OFF	N/A	R/W	RW	RW	
TAGAL	Color inversion of tag number	OFF, ON		OFF	RW	R/W	RW	RW	
DISP1	Display register 1 selection	-, P01 to P30	/		N/A	N/A	N/A	RW	
NAME1	Name of display register 1	Alphanumeric character 3 digits		PRM	N/A	N/A	N/A	RW	
DISP2	Display register 2 selection	-, P01 to P30			N/A	N/A	N/A	RW	
NAME2	Name of display register 2	Alpha numeric character 3 digits		PRM	N/A	N/A	N/A	RW	

Note 1: When the SET parameter is set to "ENBL", [STOP] will appear on the right of the display title, and the manipulated output and alarm output will be kept. Note 2: This value is displayed only on YS1700 Basic type with expandable I/O.

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(LCD)	
Display	
Setting	
LCD	
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	Manaz	O statistics and Distribution	1 1 1	Factory Default Value	Displa f	y and Sett or Control	ing Condit Iler Mode	ions	User
rarameter	Name	Setting and Display Kange		YS1500 YS1700 (SINGLE) (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	ser- tings
SET	Enable/Disable setting	INHB: Setting impossible ENBL: Setting possible (Note1)	/	INHB	RW	RM	RW	R/W	
ECO	LCD backlight auto-off timer	OFF: Timer function OFF, ON: Timer function ON (Off timer: 30 min)	/	OFF	RW	RM	RW	R/W	
CTRS	LCD contrast adjustment	0 to 10	$\left  \right $	5	RW	RM	RW	R/W	
BRT	LCD brightness adjustment	0 to 5	/	t	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	

Note 1: When the SET parameter is set to "ENBL", [STOP] will appear on the right of the display title, and the manipulated output and alarm output will be kept.

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	Ethernet setting switch (Note 5)	-, ENTRY		
Not	e 1:When the SET parameter is set to "ENBI	L", [STOP] will appear on the right of the display title, and the manipulated output and	alarm output will be kept.	
Not	e 2: Available for the option /A31 or /A32.			
Not	e 3: Available for the option /A31.			
Not	e 4: "P-to-P" is available only for YS1700.			
Not	e 5: Available for the option /A34.			
	st of Parameters			

							_		_	_	_				_		_	_			_		_	_					_
User	tings																												
itions	PROG	R/W	Ľ	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW
ting Cond oller Mode	SELECT	RW	Ľ	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW
ay and Set for Contro	CAS	R/W	Ľ	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W
Displ	SINGLE	RW	Ľ	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW	RW
ault Value	YS1700 (PROG)	В	ion:- 3-485 S-LCS	F		ктU		t	N	t	00		ßL			~	3				9								
Factory Def	YS1500 (SINGLE)	HNI	No opti /A31:RS /A32:DC	ENB	Ŧ	MODF	~	1 bi	EVE	8 bi	3840	OFI	ENE	Ŧ	60	192	166	-	-	255	255	255	0	0	0	0	0	202	'
1		/							/	/	/				S	/	/	/			/		/	/					/
Contraction Contraction Contraction	Setung and Display Kange	INHB: Setting impossible ENBL: Setting possible (Note1)	-, RS-485, DCS-LCS	INHB: Setting impossible ENBL: Setting possible (Note1)	H-L: High-Low, L-H: Low-High	PCL: PC-link communication, PCLSUM: PC-link communication (with checksum), MODASC: Modbus communication (ASCII), MODRTU: Modbus communication (RTU), YS: YS protocol, P-to-P: Peer-to-peer communication (Note 4)	1 to 99	1 bit, 2 bit	NONE, ODD, EVEN	7 bit, 8 bit	1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400 (bps)	OFF, ON	INHB: Setting impossible ENBL: Setting possible (Note1)	ر H+L: High-Low, L-H: Low-High	4 to 60		5 th 2 EE				01.0EE				0.1.265			502, 1024 to 65535	-, ENTRY
Manaa		Enable/Disable setting	Communication selection	Enable/Disable writing via RS-485 communication (Note 2)	RS-485 communication D register setting for High/Low level (Note 3)	RS-485 Protocol selection (Note 3)	RS-485 communication address (Note 3)	RS-485 stop bit (Note 3)	RS-485 parity (Note 3)	RS-485 data length (Note 3)	RS-485 baud rate (Note 3)	RS-485 communication terminating resistor ON/OFF (Note 3)	Enable/Disable writing via Ethernet communication (Note 5)	Ethernet communication D register setting for High/Low level (Note 5)	Ethernet communication timeout period	IP address 1 (Note 5)	IP address 2 (Note 5)	IP address 3 (Note 5)	IP address 4 (Note 5)	Subnet mask 1 (Note 5)	Subnet mask 2 (Note 5)	Subnet mask 3 (Note 5)	Subnet mask 4 (Note 5)	Default gateway 1 (Note 5)	Default gateway 2 (Note 5)	Default gateway 3 (Note 5)	Default gateway 4 (Note 5)	Port number (Note 5)	Ethernet setting switch (Note 5)
		SET	COMM	COMWR	DREG1	PSL	ADRS	STBIT	PAR	DLEN	BPS	TRMR	ETRWR	DREG2	ECTO	IPAD1	IPAD2	IPAD3	IPAD4	SM1	SM2	SM3	SM4	DG1	DG2	DG3	DG4	PORT	ESW

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Communication Setting Display (COMM)

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Patholic		IIIIguiauoii Dispiay 1/2 (Dir							Ì	
ETEndelbaste entryNHS. GenerENCNHSENC <th>Parameter</th> <th>Name</th> <th>Setting and Display Range</th> <th>Unit</th> <th>Factory Default Value</th> <th>Displa</th> <th>ly and Sett for Contro</th> <th>ting Cond</th> <th>tions</th> <th>User Set-</th>	Parameter	Name	Setting and Display Range	Unit	Factory Default Value	Displa	ly and Sett for Contro	ting Cond	tions	User Set-
Effection Number setting Number settin Number setting Number settin					YS1500 (SINGLE)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	tings
Dit0.6 Dit0.06 specification Dit 0.00 specification <thd< td=""><td>SET</td><td>Enable/Disable setting</td><td>INHB: Setting impossible ENBL: Setting possible (Note1)</td><td></td><td>INHB</td><td>RW</td><td>RW</td><td>R/W</td><td>N/A</td><td></td></thd<>	SET	Enable/Disable setting	INHB: Setting impossible ENBL: Setting possible (Note1)		INHB	RW	RW	R/W	N/A	
DC05 D2005 specification D00 RM RM<	DIO16	DI1/DO6 specification			D	RW	RW	R/W	N/A	
Dick Disconsentation	DIO25	DI2/DO5 specification			8	RW	RW	R/W	N/A	
Dick Dial Dia Dial Dial <thd< td=""><td>DIO34</td><td>DI3/DO4 specification</td><td>DI: For digital input</td><td></td><td>8</td><td>RW</td><td>RW</td><td>RW</td><td>N/A</td><td></td></thd<>	DIO34	DI3/DO4 specification	DI: For digital input		8	RW	RW	RW	N/A	
DICKE DISPC/DIC specification DIV <td>DIO43</td> <td>DI4/DO3 specification</td> <td>DO: For digital output</td> <td></td> <td>Q</td> <td>RW</td> <td>RW</td> <td>R/W</td> <td>N/A</td> <td></td>	DIO43	DI4/DO3 specification	DO: For digital output		Q	RW	RW	R/W	N/A	
Differ Diffection Diffection<	DI052	DI5/DO2 specification			DO	RM	RW	R/W	N/A	
Diff Diffuencienciencienciencienciencienciencienci	DIO61	DI6/DO1 specification			8	RM	RW	R/W	N/A	
Dist Distribution selection Eval. Switcing to Natural mode (status) Mon RN RN<	DI1F	DI1 function selection	NONE: No function		NONE	R/W	RW	R/W	N/A	
DBF D13 function selection E.O.C. Operan Class switching (Note 3), D14 function selection E.O.W. Presk (N. switching F.P.M. Presk (N. switching) DNME R.W. </td <td>DI2F</td> <td>DI2 function selection</td> <td>T E-AUT: Switching to Automatic mode (status) J E-MAN: Switching to Manual mode (status)</td> <td>/</td> <td>NONE</td> <td>R/W</td> <td>RW</td> <td>R/W</td> <td>N/A</td> <td></td>	DI2F	DI2 function selection	T E-AUT: Switching to Automatic mode (status) J E-MAN: Switching to Manual mode (status)	/	NONE	R/W	RW	R/W	N/A	
Diff Diff Diff Diff Diff Event Rvm	DI3F	DI3 function selection	E-O/C: Open/Close switching (Note 3),		NONE	R/W	RW	R/W	N/A	
DiffDiffuction selectionExt. server watering control reserved working and preserved working billNUMERVMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMDiffDiffunction selectionExt. selector WORFS witching RAMMY. Manual and Preserved WORFS witching DBFDiffunction selectionRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMDiffDiffunction selectionRXMRXMRXMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMDiffDiffunction selectionRRMMY. Manual and PreservedRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMDiffDiffunction selectionRRMMY. Manual and PreservedRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMDiffDiffunction selectionRRMMY. Manual and PreservedRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMDiffDiffunction selectionRESC. SelectionRCMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMDiffDiffunction selectionRESC. SelectionRCMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMRVMDiffDiffunction selectionRESC. SelectionRESC. SelectionRCMRVM	DI4F	DI4 function selection	E-LPR: Local/Remote switching (Note 4),		NONE	R/W	RW	R/W	N/A	
Diff Diff unction selection ESEL: Selector ON/OFF sendpring (Rev Miching) Rev Miching (Rev Miching) Rev Miching) Rev Miching (Rev Miching) Rev Miching) Rev Miching (Rev Miching) Rev Mi	DISF	DI5 function selection	E-FIN: Freedom witching		NONE	R/W	RW	R/W	N/A	
Diff Diffunction selection (Note 2) TRAMNS: watching transmission (regent) Ray <td>DIGF</td> <td>DI6 function selection</td> <td>E-SEL: Selector ON/OFF switching (Note 4)</td> <td>/</td> <td>NONE</td> <td>R/W</td> <td>RW</td> <td>R/W</td> <td>N/A</td> <td></td>	DIGF	DI6 function selection	E-SEL: Selector ON/OFF switching (Note 4)	/	NONE	R/W	RW	R/W	N/A	
Dist Distruction selection (Note 2) TRAUT: Switching to Automatic mode (friger) R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W N/W   Dist Distruction selection (Note 2) Compett seating under trading switching E-PSEL: Unput trading switching R/W R/W R/W R/W N/W   Distruction selection (Note 2) E-DSEC E-DSEC Cuput trading switching R/W R/W R/W R/W N/W   Distruction selection (Note 2) E-DSEC E-DSEC Cuput trading switching R/W <td< td=""><td>DI7F</td><td>DI7 function selection (Note 2)</td><td>TR-MPMV: Manual and Preset MV switching TR-MAN: Swiching to Manual mode (trigger)</td><td></td><td>/</td><td>R/W</td><td>RW</td><td>R/W</td><td>N/A</td><td></td></td<>	DI7F	DI7 function selection (Note 2)	TR-MPMV: Manual and Preset MV switching TR-MAN: Swiching to Manual mode (trigger)		/	R/W	RW	R/W	N/A	
Dist Distruction (Note 2) Increases and out (ngger) R/W	DI8F	DI8 function selection (Note 2)	TR-AUT: Switching to Automatic mode (trigger)		/	R/W	RW	RW	N/A	
Dit0FDit0 function selection (Note 2)E-TREX cupput tracking switching E-TREX cupput tracking switching E-TREX cupput toop selection (Selector control only)R/WR/WR/WR/WN/MDi10Di1 contact typeDi1 contact typeOPNR/WR/WR/WN/MN/MDi2DDi2 contact typeOPNR/WR/WR/WR/WR/WN/MDi2DDi2 contact typeOPNR/WR/WR/WR/WN/MDi2DDi3 contact typeOPNR/WR/WR/WN/MDi3DDi3 contact typeOPNR/WR/WR/WN/MDi3DDi3 contact typeOPNR/WR/WR/WN/MDi3DDi3 contact typeOPNR/WR/WR/WN/MDi5DDi3 contact typeOPNR/WR/WR/WN/MDi5DDi3 contact typeOPNR/WR/WR/WN/MDi5DDi3 contact typeOPNR/WR/WR/WN/MDi5DDi3 contact type (Note 2)OPNR/WR/WR/WN/MDi5DDi3 contact type (Note 2)Di3 contact type (Note 2)R/WR/WR/WR/WN/MDi5DDi3 contact type (Note 2)Di3 contact type (Note 2)R/WR/WR/WR/WN/MDi5DDi3 contact type (Note 2)Di3 contact type (Note 2)R/WR/WR/WR/WR/WN/M	DI9F	DI9 function selection (Note 2)	TR-CAS: Switching to Cascade mode (trigger)		/	R/W	RW	RW	N/A	
DI10 DI1 contact type OPN RW <td>DI10F</td> <td>DI10 function selection (Note 2)</td> <td>E-TERF: Output tracking switching E-TERF: Output tracking switching FE-LEPT.C: All event elimination</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>RW</td> <td>RW</td> <td>RW</td> <td>N/A</td> <td></td>	DI10F	DI10 function selection (Note 2)	E-TERF: Output tracking switching E-TERF: Output tracking switching FE-LEPT.C: All event elimination			RW	RW	RW	N/A	
DISD DI2 contact/pe OPN RW	DI1D	DI1 contact type			NGO	R/W	RW	RW	N/A	
DI3 Ontact type DI3 contact type OPN RW	DI2D	DI2 contact type			NGO	R/W	RW	RW	N/A	
D4D D14 contact type DPN RW	DI3D	DI3 contact type			NGO	R/W	RW	RW	N/A	
DISDDIS contact typeOPNRWRWRWRWRWN/ADISDDI6 contact typeCS: Function is available when the contact is openOPNRWRWRWN/ADISDDI7 contact type (Note 2)RRRWRWRWR/WR/MN/ADISDDI8 contact type (Note 2)RRR/MR/MR/MR/MR/MR/MR/MR/MDISDDI9 contact type (Note 2)RRR/MR	DI4D	DI4 contact type			NGO	R/W	RW	RW	N/A	
Di6D Di6 contact type CM RW RW RW RW RW N/A   Di7D D17 contact type (Note 2) P17 contact type (Note 2) P18 P19 P19 P19 P19 P17 P19 P19 P19 P10 <t< td=""><td>DI5D</td><td>DI5 contact type</td><td>OPN: Function is available when the contact is open</td><td></td><td>NGO</td><td>R/W</td><td>RW</td><td>RW</td><td>N/A</td><td></td></t<>	DI5D	DI5 contact type	OPN: Function is available when the contact is open		NGO	R/W	RW	RW	N/A	
DITD DIT contact type (Note 2) RW RW RW RW N/A   DIBD DIB contact type (Note 2) RW R/W R/W R/W R/W N/A   DI9D DI9 contact type (Note 2) R/W R/W R/W R/W R/W N/A   D19D DI9 contact type (Note 2) R/W R/W R/W R/W N/A   D110D D110 contact type (Note 2) R/W R/W R/W R/W N/A	DIGD	DI6 contact type	CLS: Function is available when the contact is closed		NGO	R/W	RW	RW	N/A	
DIBD DI8 contact type (Note 2)   DI9D DI9 contact type (Note 2)   D10D D110 contact type (Note 2)	DI7D	DI7 contact type (Note 2)			/	R/W	RW	RW	N/A	
DI9 contact type (Note 2) RW RW RW N/A   D100 D110 contact type (Note 2) RW RW RW N/A	DI8D	DI8 contact type (Note 2)			/	R/W	RW	RW	N/A	
D110 D110 D110 D110 D110 D110 D110 D110	DI9D	DI9 contact type (Note 2)				R/W	RW	RW	N/A	
	DI10D	DI10 contact type (Note 2)			/	RW	RW	RW	N/A	

Note 1: When the SEL parameter is set to "ENBL", [STOPT] will appear on the right or the display tute, and the manipulated output and alarm output will be kept. Note 2: This value is displayed only on YS1700 Basic type with expandable I/O. Note 3: This function can be selected when the controller mode is in the cascade mode. (Ex. DInD (n=1 to 10) = OPN: When the contact is closed, internal cascade is in close status. When the contact is open, internal cascade is in open status. The status of the contact can be changed by the contact type parameters.) Note 4: This function can be selected when the contact can be changed by the contact type parameters.) Note 4: This function can be selected when the contact is in the selector mode. (Ex. DInD (n=1 to 10) = OPN: E-L/R; When the contact is closed, SV2 is the local setpoint value. When the contact is open, SV2 is cascade seted when the contact is closed, WN of the local setector mode. (Ex. DInD (n=1 to 10) = OPN: E-L/R; When the contact is closed, SV2 is the local setpoint value. When the contact is open, SV2 is cascade setepoint value. E-SEL; When the contact is closed, MV of the local time contact is opened, MV is selected automatically by ATSEL parameters)

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DI/DO Co	nfiguration Display 2/2 (DI/DO	2/2)							
Parameter	Name	Setting and Display Range	Unit	Factory Default Value	Display	y and Sett or Contro	ing Condit	suo	User Set-
				YS1500 (SINGLE)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	tings
SET	Enable/Disable setting	INHB: Setting impossible ENBL: Setting possible (Note1)		INHB	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
D01F	DO1 function selection (Note 2)			PH1	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
DO2F	DO2 function selection (Note 2)	NONE: OFF, PH1: High limit alarm for PV1, PL1: Low limit alarm for PV1,		PL1	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
DO3F	DO3 function selection (Note 2)	□ HH1: High-high limit alarm for PV1, LL1: Low-low limit alarm for PV1, □ 1: 4: Alarm for cleviation variable 1: \/I 1: \/elocity alarm for PV1		VL1	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
DO4F	DO4 function selection (Note 2)	PH2: High limit alarm for PV2, PL2: Low limit alarm for PV2,		CAS	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
DO5F	DO5 function selection (Note 2)	HH2: High-high limit alarm for PV2, LL2: Low-low limit alarm for PV2,		CASAUT	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
DO6F	DO6 function selection (Note 2)	DL1 VL1: Alarm for deviation variable 2, VL2: velocity alarm for PV1, DL1 VL1: Alarm for deviation variable 1/ Velocity alarm for PV1,		NONE	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
DO7F	DO7 function selection (Note 2) (Note 3)	DL2 VL2: Alarm for deviation variable 2/ Velocity alarm for PV2,		NONE	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
DO8F	DO8 function selection (Note 2) (Note 3)	1 1-ALM: OR for all alarms of the loop 1, 2-ALM: OR for all alarms of the loop 2 L CAS: Cascade mode, CASALIT: Cascade or Automatic mode, O/C: Onen/Close, I/B: I ocal/		NONE	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
DO9F	DO9 function selection (Note 2) (Note 3)	Remote, OOP: Current output open		NONE	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
DO10F	DO10 function selection (Note 2) (Note 3)			NONE	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
D01D	DO1 contact type			OPN	RW	R/W	RW	N/A	
DO2D	DO2 contact type			OPN	RW	RW	RW	N/A	
DO3D	DO3 contact type			OPN	RW	RW	RW	N/A	
DO4D	DO4 contact type			CLS	RW	RW	RM	N/A	
DO5D	DO5 contact type	OPN: When the event occurs, the contact is opened		CLS	RW	RW	R/W	N/A	
DO6D	DO6 contact type	CLS: When the event occurs, the contact is closed		OPN	RW	RW	R/W	N/A	
DO7D	DO7 contact type (Note 3)			/	RW	RW	R/W	N/A	
D08D	DO8 contact type (Note 3)				RW	RW	R/W	N/A	
060D	DO9 contact type (Note 3)			A	RW	RW	R/W	N/A	
D010D	DO10 contact type (Note 3)				RW	RW	R/W	N/A	

Note 1: When the SET parameter is set to "ENBL", [STOP] will appear on the right of the display title, and the manipulated output and alarm output will be kept.

Note 2: Ex. When DInD (n=1 to 10) is OPN, and the DO function parameter is: CASAUT: The contact is open when in the cascade or automatic mode O/C: The contact is closed when the internal cascade is in close status, the con LR: The contact is closed when SV2 is local setpoint value, the contact is ope All alarm related parameters: the contact is open when the alarm occurs. Note 3: This value is displayed only on YS1700 Basic type with expandable I/O.

The contact is closed when the internal cascade is in close status, the contact is open when the internal cascade is in open status. The contact is closed when SV2 is local setpoint value, the contact is open when SV2 is cascade setpoint value.

FX Table	Setting Display (FX TABLE)								
	Manad	O define and Director Deces	Fac	tory Default Value	Displa	y and Set	ting Condi Iler Mode	tions	User
raiallieter	Nalle		γs (Slr	(1500 YS1700 VGLE) (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	tings
101	0% setting of FX1		7	0.000	RW	RW	RW	R/W	
102	10% setting of FX1		7	0.100	RW	RM	RW	R/W	
103	20% setting of FX1		7	0.200	RW	RM	RW	R/W	
104	30% setting of FX1		7	0.300	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
105	40% setting of FX1		7	0.400	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
106	50% setting of FX1	0.000 to 1.000	7	0.500	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
107	60% setting of FX1		7	0.600	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
108	70% setting of FX1		7	0.700	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
109	80% setting of FX1		7	0.800	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
110	90% setting of FX1		7	0.900	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
111	100% setting of FX1		7	1.000	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
201	0% setting of FX2		7	0.000	RW	RW	RW	R/W	
202	10% setting of FX2		7	0.100	RW	RM	RW	R/W	
203	20% setting of FX2		7	0.200	RW	RM	RW	R/W	
204	30% setting of FX2		7	0.300	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
205	40% setting of FX2		7	0.400	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
206	50% setting of FX2	0.000 to 1.000	7	0.500	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
207	60% setting of FX2		7	0.600	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
208	70% setting of FX2		7	0.700	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
209	80% setting of FX2		7	0.800	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
210	90% setting of FX2		7	0.900	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	
211	100% setting of FX2		7	1.000	RW	R/W	RW	R/W	

	Factory Default Value Display and Setting Conditions User for Controller Mode	YS1500 YS1700 SINGLE CAS SELECT PROG tings	0.000 N/A N/A N/A R/W	0.100 N/A N/A N/A R/W	0.200 N/A N/A N/A R/W	0.300 N/A N/A R/W	0.400 N/A N/A R/W	0.500 N/A N/A R/W	0.600 N/A N/A R/W	0.700 N/A N/A R/W	0.800 N/A N/A R/W	0.900 N/A N/A R/W	1.000 N/A N/A N/A R/W	0.000 N/A N/A R/W	0.100 N/A N/A R/W	0.200 N/A N/A R/W	0.300 N/A N/A N/A R/W	0.400 N/A N/A R/W	0.500 N/A N/A R/W	0.600 N/A N/A R/W	0.700 N/A N/A N/A R/W	0.800 N/A N/A N/A R/W	0.900 N/A N/A R/W	
E)		Setting and Lisplay Kange						-0.250 to 1.250											-0.250 to 1.250					
Setting Display (GX1 TABL		Name	Input 1 setting of GX1	Input 2 setting of GX1	Input 3 setting of GX1	Input 4 setting of GX1	Input 5 setting of GX1	Input 6 setting of GX1	Input 7 setting of GX1	Input 8 setting of GX1	Input 9 setting of GX1	Input 10 setting of GX1	Input 11 setting of GX1	Output 1 setting of GX1	Output 2 setting of GX1	Output 3 setting of GX1	Output 4 setting of GX1	Output 5 setting of GX1	Output 6 setting of GX1	Output 7 setting of GX1	Output 8 setting of GX1	Output 9 setting of GX1	Output 10 setting of GX1	Outhult 11 setting of GX1
iX1 Tabl∉		Parameter	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111

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Partner <t< th=""><th>3X2 Tabl€</th><th>Setting Display (GX2 TABI</th><th>E)</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	3X2 Tabl€	Setting Display (GX2 TABI	E)								
Image: manage and the set of the				1	Factory Defa	nult Value	Display fc	/ and Sett or Contro	ing Condit ller Mode	ions	User
201 Indui señting of CX2 Const Not	rarameter	Name	setting and Lispiay Kange		YS1500 (SINGLE)	YS1700 (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	ser- tings
202 Input 3 setting of GX2 In	201	Input 1 setting of GX2	/		$\left \right $	0.000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
203 Input 3etting of GX2 203 Input 4etting of GX2 Input 3etting of GX2   204 Input 4etting of GX2 0.300 INA IN	202	Input 2 setting of GX2				0.100	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
QM Ipput setting of GX2 Decomposition Decompositio	203	Input 3 setting of GX2			/	0.200	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
Display Intensitie Conditie Not	204	Input 4 setting of GX2	/	/	/	0.300	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
2000 Input 7 setting of GX2 0250 to 1250 0260 NM NM NM RM NM RM NM RM	205	Input 5 setting of GX2	/			0.400	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
201 Input Setting of GX2   208 Input Setting of GX2   208 Input Setting of GX2   209 Input Setting of GX2   209 Input Setting of GX2   201 Input Setting of GX2   202 Input Setting of GX2   203 Input Setting of GX2   204 Input Setting of GX2   205 Input Setting of GX2   205 Ouput Setting of GX2   206 Ouput Setting of GX2	206	Input 6 setting of GX2	-0.250 to 1.250			0.500	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
208 Iput 8 setting of CX2   209 Iput 9 setting of CX2   209 Iput 9 setting of CX2   200 Iput 10 setting of CX2   210 Iput 10 setting of CX2   211 Iput 11 setting of CX2   211 Iput 11 setting of CX2   212 Ouput 1 setting of CX2   213 Ouput 1 setting of CX2   214 Ouput 1 setting of CX2   215 Ouput 1 setting of CX2   216 Ouput 1 setting of CX2   217 Ouput 3 setting of CX2   218 Ouput 3 setting of CX2   219 Ouput 4 setting of CX2   210 Ouput 4 setting of CX2   211 Ouput 4 setting of CX2   212 Ouput 4 setting of CX2   213 Ouput 4 setting of CX2   214 Ouput 4 setting of CX2   215 Ouput 4 setting of CX2   216 Ouput 4 setting of CX2   216 Ouput	207	Input 7 setting of GX2			/	0.600	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
200 Iput 9 setting of GX2   210 Iput 10 setting of GX2   211 Iput 10 setting of GX2   211 Iput 11 setting of GX2   212 Ouput 1 setting of GX2   213 Ouput 1 setting of GX2   214 Iput 1 setting of GX2   215 Ouput 1 setting of GX2   216 Ouput 1 setting of GX2   217 Ouput 1 setting of GX2   218 Ouput 1 setting of GX2   219 Ouput 3 setting of GX2   210 Ouput 3 setting of GX2   211 Ouput 3 setting of GX2   212 Ouput 3 setting of GX2   212 Ouput 3 setting of GX2   213 Ouput 3 setting of GX2   214 Ouput 3 setting of GX2   215 Ouput 3 setting of GX2   216 Ouput 3 setting of GX2   217 Ouput 3 setting of GX2   218 Oupu	208	Input 8 setting of GX2			/	0.700	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
210 Iput 10 setting of GX2 No	209	Input 9 setting of GX2	/	/	/	0.800	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
211 Input 1:setting of CX2 In	210	Input 10 setting of GX2	V	/		0.900	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
201 Output 1 setting of GX2   202 Output 2 setting of GX2   202 Output 2 setting of GX2   203 Output 3 setting of GX2   204 Output 3 setting of GX2   205 Output 4 setting of GX2   204 Output 4 setting of GX2   205 Output 5 setting of GX2   205 Output 6 setting of GX2   206 Output 6 setting of GX2   207 Output 6 setting of GX2   208 Output 6 setting of GX2   209 Output 6 setting of GX2   201 Output 6 setting of GX2   202 Output 7 setting of GX2   203 Output 7 setting of GX2   204 Output 8 setting of GX2   205 Output 8 setting of GX2   206 Output 8 setting of GX2   208 Output 8 setting of GX2   209 Output 8 setting of GX2   209 Output 9   209	211	Input 11 setting of GX2			/	1.000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
202 Ouput 2 setting of GX2   203 Ouput 3 setting of GX2   203 Ouput 3 setting of GX2   204 Ouput 3 setting of GX2   205 Ouput 4 setting of GX2   206 Ouput 4 setting of GX2   205 Ouput 5 setting of GX2   206 Ouput 4 setting of GX2   205 Ouput 6 setting of GX2   206 Ouput 6 setting of GX2   207 N/A N/A N/A   208 Ouput 5 setting of GX2 N/A N/A N/A   206 Ouput 6 setting of GX2 N/A N/A N/A N/A   206 Ouput 8 setting of GX2 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A   208 Ouput 8 setting of GX2 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A   208 Ouput 8 setting of GX2 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A   208 Ouput 8 setting of GX2 N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A   208 Ouput 8 setting of GX2 N/A	201	Output 1 setting of GX2	/	/	/	0.000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
203 Ouput 3 setting of GX2   204 Ouput 4 setting of GX2   204 Ouput 4 setting of GX2   205 Ouput 4 setting of GX2   205 Ouput 5 setting of GX2   205 Ouput 5 setting of GX2   206 Ouput 6 setting of GX2   206 Ouput 6 setting of GX2   206 Ouput 6 setting of GX2   207 Ouput 7 setting of GX2   208 Ouput 6 setting of GX2   209 Ouput 7 setting of GX2   201 Ouput 7 setting of GX2   202 Ouput 8 setting of GX2   203 Ouput 17 setting of GX2   204 Ouput 17 setting of GX2   205 Ouput 17 setting of GX2   208 Ouput 17 setting of GX2   209 Ouput 18 setting of GX2   209 Ouput 19 setting of GX2   209	202	Output 2 setting of GX2	/			0.100	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
204 Ouput 4 setting of GX2   205 Ouput 5 setting of GX2   205 Ouput 5 setting of GX2   205 Ouput 6 setting of GX2   206 Ouput 6 setting of GX2   207 Ouput 6 setting of GX2   208 Ouput 6 setting of GX2   206 Ouput 6 setting of GX2   207 Ouput 7 setting of GX2   208 Ouput 6 setting of GX2   209 Ouput 8 setting of GX2   209 Ouput 8 setting of GX2   209 Ouput 10 setting of GX2   201 Ouput 10 setting of GX2   202 Ouput 11 setting of GX2   203 Ouput 11 setting of GX2   204 Ouput 11 setting of GX2   205 Ouput 11 setting of GX2   206 Ouput 11 setting of GX2   207	203	Output 3 setting of GX2				0.200	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
205 Output 5 setting of GX2 NIA NIA NIA NIA NIA RW   206 Output 6 setting of GX2 0.0500 1.250 NIA NIA NIA NIA NIA RW RW   206 Output 6 setting of GX2 0.500 1.250 NIA NIA NIA RW RW   207 Output 7 setting of GX2 0.0500 1.250 NIA NIA NIA RW RW   208 Output 8 setting of GX2 0.000 1.850 NIA NIA RW RW RW   209 Output 8 setting of GX2 0.000 1.850 NIA NIA RW IA	204	Output 4 setting of GX2			/	0.300	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
206 Output 6 setting of GX2 -0.250 to 1.250 N/A N/A N/A N/A R/W   207 Output 7 setting of GX2 0.00ut 1 setting of GX2 0.00ut 7 setting of GX2 N/A N/A N/A N/A R/W R	205	Output 5 setting of GX2	/	/	/	0.400	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
207 Oubut 7 setting of GX2   208 Oubut 7 setting of GX2   209 Oubut 8 setting of GX2   209 Oubut 1 setting of GX2   210 Oubut 1 setting of GX2   211 Oubut 1 setting of GX2	206	Output 6 setting of GX2	-0.250 to 1.250			0.500	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
208 Oubut 8 setting of CX2   209 Ouput 9 setting of GX2   210 Ouput 10 setting of GX2   211 Ouput 11 setting of GX2	207	Output 7 setting of GX2				0.600	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
209 Output 9 setting of GX2   210 Output 10 setting of GX2   211 Output 10 setting of GX2	208	Output 8 setting of GX2			/	0.700	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
210 Output 10 setting of GX2   211 Output 11 setting of GX2	209	Output 9 setting of GX2	/			0.800	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
211 Output 11 setting of GX2 N/A N/A R/W	210	Output 10 setting of GX2	/			0.900	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
	211	Output 11 setting of GX2	<i>.</i>	$\left  \right $	$\left  \right $	1.000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	

	User	tings																				
itions	2	PROG	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	R/W	RW									
ting Cond	oller Mode	SELECT	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A									
v and Set	for Contro	CAS	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A									
Displa		SINGLE	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A									
	ult Value	YS1700 (PROG)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
	Factory Defa	YS1500 (SINGLE)	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/		/	/	/	/	/	/
	tion T		/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/			/	/	/	/	
	Cotting and Display Dange	oeunig and Display Kange																				
o ·/ (mido:							0 40 0000	0 10 3333									0 250 th 1 250					
	N smo	Nalie	Time 1 setting for PGM1	Time 2 setting for PGM1	Time 3 setting for PGM1	Time 4 setting for PGM1	Time 5 setting for PGM1	Time 6 setting for PGM1	Time 7 setting for PGM1	Time 8 setting for PGM1	Time 9 setting for PGM1	Time 10 setting for PGM1	Output 1 setting for PGM1	Output 2 setting for PGM1	Output 3 setting for PGM1	Output 4 setting for PGM1	Output 5 setting for PGM1	Output 6 setting for PGM1	Output 7 setting for PGM1	Output 8 setting for PGM1	Output 9 setting for PGM1	Output 10 setting for PGM1

Name Setting and Display Range Unit Factory Default Value Display and Display and Display Range   e1 setting for PGMZ e1 setting for PGMZ v31500 y31500 NM-LE Cord   e1 setting for PGMZ e3 setting for PGMZ e1 setting for PGMZ 0 NM-L NM NM   e1 setting for PGMZ e3 setting for PGMZ 0 NM-L NM NM NM   e3 setting for PGMZ b4 setting for PGMZ 0 NM <td< th=""><th>လု</th><th>etting-Unit 2 Setting Displa</th><th>ay (PGM2 SET)</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>	လု	etting-Unit 2 Setting Displa	ay (PGM2 SET)								
Math Visition <th< th=""><th></th><th>:</th><th></th><th>2</th><th>Factory Defa</th><th>ult Value</th><th>Display</th><th>y and Sett or Control</th><th>ing Condit</th><th>suo</th><th>User</th></th<>		:		2	Factory Defa	ult Value	Display	y and Sett or Control	ing Condit	suo	User
Bingfor PGN2 Imgfor PGN2 Imgfor PGN2 Imgfor PGN3		Name	Setting and Lisplay Kange		YS1500 (SINGLE)	YS1700 (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	set- tings
ding for PGM2 0 NA N   ding for PGM2 0 NA N<	Time 1 se	titing for PGM2				0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
etitio for PGM2 0 Nu N   etitio for PGM2 etitio for PGM2 0 N N N   etitio for PGM2 etitio for PGM2 0 N N N N   etitio for PGM2 etitio for PGM2 0 N N N N N   etitio for PGM2 0 N	Time 2 s	etting for PGM2		/	/	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
Bitmg for PGN2 Overality Overality Overality N	Time 3 se	etting for PGM2		/	/	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
Bitmg for PGM2 Oto 9899 Minit	Time 4 se	etting for PGM2		/	/	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
tingfor PGAZ 0 NA N <	Time 5 se	tting for PGM2		/	/	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
titudior PGM2 0 N/A N	Time 6 se	etting for PGM2		/	/	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
titug for PGM2 0 N/A N	Time 7 se	titing for PGM2		/	/	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
titud titud 0 N/A 0 N/A N   setting for PGM2 setting for PGM2 0 N/A N </td <td>Time 8 se</td> <td>etting for PGM2</td> <td></td> <td>/</td> <td>/</td> <td>0</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>R/W</td> <td></td>	Time 8 se	etting for PGM2		/	/	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
eting for PGM2 0 N/A N   setting for PGM2 eting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N   setting for PGM2 eting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N N N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N N N N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N N N N N N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N	Time 9 se	tting for PGM2		/	/	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N N N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N N N N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N N N N N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N N N N N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N	Time 10 s	etting for PGM2		/	/	0	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N	Output 1	setting for PGM2		/	/	0.000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N	Output 2	setting for PGM2		/	/	0.000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N N N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N N N N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N <td< td=""><td>Output 3</td><td>setting for PGM2</td><td></td><td>/</td><td>/</td><td>0.000</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>N/A</td><td>R/W</td><td></td></td<>	Output 3	setting for PGM2		/	/	0.000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N	Output 4	setting for PGM2		/	/	0.000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
setting for PGM2 -0.000 N/A N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N	Output 5	setting for PGM2		/	/	0.000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N	Output 6	setting for PGM2		/	/	0.000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N   setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N	Output 7	setting for PGM2		/	/	0.000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N	Output 8	setting for PGM2		/	/	0.000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
	Output 9	setting for PGM2		/	/	0.000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	
setting for PGM2 0.000 N/A N	Output 10	setting for PGM2		/	/	0.000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R/W	

Setting and Display Range
Setting and Display Mange

IM 01B08B02-01EN

K Consta	nt Display 1/2 (K CONST 1/2									
·			:	Factory Defa	ault Value	Displa	y and Setti or Control	ing Condit ler Mode	suo	User
Parameter	Name	Setting and Display Range	Curit	YS1500 (SINGLE)	YS1700 (PROG)	SINGLE	CAS	SELECT	PROG	Set- tings
K01	Constant register 1		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Я	
K02	Constant register 2		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ж	
K03	Constant register 3		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	с	
K04	Constant register 4		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ъ	
K05	Constant register 5		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ж	
K06	Constant register 6		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ж	
K07	Constant register 7		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ъ	
K08	Constant register 8		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	۲	
K09	Constant register 9		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ж	
K10	Constant register 10			/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ж	
K11	Constant register 11		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	R	
K12	Constant register 12		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ж	
K13	Constant register 13		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	£	
K14	Constant register 14		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ы	
K15	Constant register 15	-99999 to 99999 E diate diantation		/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	ъ	
K16	Constant register 16	u digits dispitay Set hv VSS1000 Setting Software		/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ľ	
K17	Constant register 17		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Я	
K18	Constant register 18		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Я	
K19	Constant register 19		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	с	
K20	Constant register 20		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	ъ	
K21	Constant register 21		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ы	
K22	Constant register 22				0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ľ	
K23	Constant register 23			/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ľ	
K24	Constant register 24		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	ъ	
K25	Constant register 25		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	ы	
K26	Constant register 26			/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	Ж	
K27	Constant register 27		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	с	
K28	Constant register 28		/	/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	ъ	
K29	Constant register 29				0.0000	N/A	N/A	N/A	۲	
K30	Constant register 30			/	0.0000	N/A	N/A	NA	2	

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ions	PROG	۲	ъ	к	Я	Ж	ш	Ľ	۲	Ľ	۲	Ъ	۲	Ľ	ъ	Ľ	۲	Ľ	۲	Ľ	ъ	Ľ	Ľ	Ľ	ъ	Ж	۲	Ж	Ъ	Я	Я
ng Conditi er Mode	SELECT	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A														
and Setti or Controll	CAS 8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A														
Display	SINGLE	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A														
It Value	S1700 PROG)	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
tory Defau	81500 Y NGLE) (		7	7	7	7	7	/	/	/	/	7	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	7	7	/	/	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Fac	it (SII	/	4	/	[   7	$\square$		/		/	/	[]		/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/		[]	$\square$	/	L 7	[]	$\square$	4
:	Ë.									/				/			/	/				/									
	Setting and Display Range															-99999 to 99999 For the discriment	Set by YSS1000 Setting Software														
	Name Setting and Display Range	Constant register 31	Constant register 32	Constant register 33	Constant register 34	Constant register 35	Constant register 36	Constant register 37	Constant register 38	Constant register 39	Constant register 40	Constant register 41	Constant register 42	Constant register 43	Constant register 44	Constant register 45 -99999 to 99999	Constant register 46 Set by YSS1000 Setting Software	Constant register 47	Constant register 48	Constant register 49	Constant register 50	Constant register 51	Constant register 52	Constant register 53	Constant register 54	Constant register 55	Constant register 56	Constant register 57	Constant register 58	Constant register 59	Constant register 60

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	otting Conditions	troller Mode	rroller Mode Set-	Includer Mode Set- SELECT PROG tings	Relief Mode Set- SELECT PROG tings
Setting and Display Range Unit Yalu (Setting and Display Range Unit Yalu (Setting and Display Range Unit Yalu Valu Valu Valu Valu Valu Valu Valu V	Ie Display and Sett for Control	SINGLE CAS		R/W R/W	RW
Setting and Display Range	Factory Default Valu	YS1500 YS1700 (SINGLE) (PROG			
Setting and Display Range INHB: Setting impossible ENBL: Setting possible (Note1)	5		/	/	
		seung and Display kange	INHB: Setting impossible ENBL: Setting possible (Note1)		
		ster			ĸ

Note 1: When the SET parameter is set to "ENBL", [STOP] will appear on the right of the display title, and the manipulated output and alarm output will be kept.

# **Revision Information**

• Title

: YS1500 Indicating Controller/YS1700 Programmable Indicating Controller **Operation Guide** 

Manual No. : IM 01B08B02-01EN

## Jun. 2014/1st Edition

Newly published

## May 2015/2nd Edition

FM, CSA nonincendive (optional) approvals. (excluing the compatible type for YS100)

## Mar. 2016/3rd Edition

Safety standard IEC/EN 61010-2-201 conformity.

#### Mar. 2018/4th Edition

Comply with Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) Directive.

Written by

Yokogawa Electric Corporation Published by Yokogawa Electric Corporation 2-9-32 Nakacho, Musashino-shi, Tokyo 180-8750, JAPAN Blank Page



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Apr. '17